FREEDOM OF INFORMATION AND PRIVACY ACTS

SUBJECT: MARTIN LUTHER KING JR.

FILE NUMBER:100-106670

MAIN FILE

SECTION:64

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.

MAIN FILE

100-106670

SECTION 64

Domestic Intelligence Division

INFORMATIVE NOTE

Date 10/20/66

This information is being furnished to the White House and the Acting Attorney General.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 1-17-81 BY SP4 [illegible]

DMW:amr

6076

1-17-81
CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY SP4 Cm. 1A
REASON FOR EXTENSION 2
FCIM, II, 1-2.4.2
DATE OF REVIEW FOR DECLASSIFICATION 10-20-86

TELETYPE UNIT
OCT 20 1966
ENCODED MESSAGE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Wick
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Felt
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

CONFIDENTIAL

6076 ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE _____ BY _____

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED VIA ROUTING SLIP(S) C.D. DATE 11/29/77

FBI NEW YORK /6/

312PM URGENT 10-20-66 JAN

TO DIRECTOR 100-106670

FROM NEW YORK 100-136585 3P

MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR., SECURITY MATTER-C

A CONFIDENTAIL SOURCE, WHO HAS FURNISHED RELIABLE INFORMATION IN THE PAST, ADVISED ON OCTOBER SEVENTEEN, SIXTYSIX, THAT CLARENCE JONES, ATTORNEY FOR MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR., TOLD PAUL O-DWYER (NEW YORK CITY ATTORNEY AND BROTHER OF FORMER MAYOR WILLIAM O-DWYER), THAT HE HAD BEEN GIVEN AN ASSIGNMENT BY MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR., TO ATTEMPT TO REACH JIMMY HOFFA (HEAD OF THE TEAMSTERS UNION) TO ARRANGE A MEETING BETWEEN HOFFA AND KING. JONES SAID HE DID NOT WANT ANY PUBLICITY ATTACHED TO THIS, THAT KING IS VERY SENSITIVE ABOUT ANY KNOWLEDGE OF THE MEETING BECOMING KNOWN UNTIL HE HAS HAD A CHANCE TO HAVE THE MEETING, AND THAT WAS WHY HE CONTACTED O-DWYER. O-DWYER PROMISED TO HELP. JONES STATED THAT KING WOULD GO TO WHERE HOFFA IS AND THAT HE, JONES, WOULD ALSO BE PRESENT AT THE MEETING.

EX-114

REC-16 100-106670-2745

END PAGE ONE

DECLASSIFIED BY 6080 Ed/mp
ON 11/17/77

10 OCT 26 1966

CONFIDENTIAL

MR. DELOACH FOR THE DIRECTOR

CONFIDENTIAL

ON OCTOBER NINETEEN, SIXTYSIX, THE SAME SOURCE LEARNED THAT ON THAT DATE O-DWYER TOLD JONES THAT HOFFA WANTED TO KNOW THE PURPOSE OF THE MEETING. JONES- COMMENTS INCLUDED THE FOLLOWING:

KING HAS FELT FOR SOME TIME THAT MOST OF THE SUPPORT OF THE CIVIL RIGHTS MOVEMENT HAS COME FROM THE SAME UNIONS SUCH AS DISTRICT SIXTY FIVE OF THE RETAIL, WHOLESALE AND DEPARTMENT STORE UNION, THE PACKINGHOUSE WORKERS UNION, AND CERTAIN LOCALS OF THE UNITED AUTO WORKERS UNION. KING SAID THAT HIS CONVERSATIONS WITH PERSONS AROUND THE TEAMSTERS UNION SEEM TO INDICATE THAT THE UNION MIGHT BE MORE WILLING TO SUPPORT CIVIL RIGHTS THAN PEOPLE BELIEVE. KING IS PARTICULARLY IMPRESSED WITH THE FACT THAT THE TEAMSTERS UNION HAS ABOUT FOUR HUNDRED FIFTY THOUSAND NEGRO MEMBERS AND WANTS TO HAVE A FRANK DISCUSSION WITH HOFFA ON GREATER INVOLVEMENT.

THERE HAVE BEEN CONFLICTING OPINIONS WITHIN THE SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE AS TO WHETHER KING SHOULD GO TO THE TEAMSTERS. SOME SAY HOFFA WILL USE IT AND THAT THEY SHOULD NOT IDENTIFY WITH THIS UNION. THERE ARE OTHERS WHO SAY HOFFA HAS HAD HIS LEGAL DIFFICULTIES BUT IS STILL PRESIDENT OF THE UNION.

END PAGE TWO

CONFIDENTIAL

THE EARLIER THE MEETING BETWEEN HOFFA AND KING THE BETTER BECAUSE KING IS RATHER DISGUSTED WITH THE AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR, CONGRESS OF INDUSTRIAL ORGANIZATIONS- LEADERSHIP. KING FEELS THEY HAVE NOT REALLY MOVED INTO THE AREA AND THAT THIS IS PARTIALLY THE REASON FOR THE WHITE BACKLASH.

[redacted] b(1)

THE LYL HAS BEEN DESIGNATED PURSUANT TO EXECUTIVE ORDER ONE ZERO FOUR FIVE ZERO.

ADMINISTRATIVE:

[redacted] b(1)

DATA CLASSIFIED ~~SECRET~~ TO PROTECT [redacted] b(2) b7(D)

[redacted] HIGHLY SENSITIVE SOURCE FURNISHING INFORMATION ABOUT RACIAL MATTERS IN THE UNITED STATES.

NO LHM (letterhead Memo) BEING SUBMITTED.

ATLANTA ADVISED BY MAIL.

CONFIDENTIAL

END AND PLS HOLD

CC- MR. SULLIVAN

CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY SP4 [illegible]
REASON FOR EXTENSION FCIM, H, 1-2.4.2 2
DATE OF REVIEW FOR DECLASSIFICATION 10-19-86

F B I

Date: 10/19/66

Transmit the following in _____
6076 54688 80174 (Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL 73514
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-438794)

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-149194)

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP(S) OF [illegible] DATE [illegible]

SUBJECT: COMINFIL SCLC
IS-C
(OO: Atlanta)

Enclosed are ten copies of a letterhead memorandum (LHM) containing information from [redacted] a source close to STANLEY LEVISON. Two copies are enclosed for the Atlanta Office since that office is origin in the SCLC and KING cases. [redacted] was the second source used in the lhm. [redacted] b(2) b7(D) b(1)

[redacted]

100-[illegible]
OCT 24 1966

4 Bureau (100-438794) (Encls. 10) (RM)
(1 - 100-106670) (MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.)
2 Atlanta (100-5718) (Encls. 2) (Info) (RM)
(1 - 100-5586) (MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.)
1 - New York (100-73250) (CLARENCE JONES) (42)
1 - New York (100-111180) (STANLEY LEVISON) (42)
1 - New York (100-148289) (HARRY WACHTEL) (42)
1 - New York (100-136585) (MARTIN LUTHER KING) (42)
1 - New York (100-149194) (41)

10 OCT 20 1966

1 ENCLOSURE

JMK:gmd
(12)

Classified by 6080 Lal/TAP
Exempt from GDS, Category 2
Date of Declassification Indefinite

10/21/6

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

11/17/77
ICC AT + LHM 9 words

SA [redacted] was the agent to whom [redacted] furnished the information about KING's reservation. u b7(c)

SAS [redacted] were the agents who observed the activity at the New York Hilton Hotel on 10/18/66. u b7(D)

[redacted] b(1)

SECRET

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Bureau 100-438794

New York, New York
October 19, 1966

CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY SPJ/RMH
REASON FOR EXTENSION 2
FCIM, II. 1-2.1.2
DATE OF REVIEW FOR DECLASSIFICATION 10-19-86
80514 73518 6076 546 Ef

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP(S) OF Classification DATE 11/30/77

Re: Communist Infiltration of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC)
Internal Security - C

A confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised on October 15, 1966, that Clarence Jones had recently introduced Douglas Pugh (of the Ford Foundation) to Martin Luther King, President of the SCLC. King noted that he was scheduled to meet with Bundy (McGeorge Bundy, Director of the Ford Foundation) on Tuesday (October 18, 1966), after which he wants to work out a proposal which would be helpful to the Foundation.

On October 17, 1966, [redacted] advised that Martin Luther King was expected at that hotel on the evening of October 17, 1966. According [redacted] King and Bernard Lee (personal secretary of King), would stay for one night. b7(D)

A confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, furnished information on October 18, 1966, indicating that Stanley Levison and Martin Luther King were in contact on that date. King related that he had had a meeting with McGeorge Bundy of the Ford Foundation earlier in the morning in the office of Harry Wachtel. King said the meeting went very well and in fact, the Foundation plans to send some personnel to Atlanta to work out the proposal concerning voter registration in the South.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

SECRET
~~Group 1~~
~~Excluded from automatic downgrading and declassification~~

Classified by 680 Exempt from GDS, Category 2
Date of Declassification Indefinite 11/7/77

ENCLOSURE

Re: Communist Infiltration of the SCLC
Internal Security - C

King said Bundy would present the proposal on voter registration to his Board (Ford Foundation Board) in December, 1966. Bundy, according to King, is convinced that the Foundation will make a large grant to the SCLC. [redacted]

King then reminded Levison of the meeting scheduled for 2:30 PM that date in his suite at the New York Hilton Hotel. King said Dr. Kenneth Clark (psychology professor at City College, New York, New York), Clarence Jones, Andy Young (Executive Director of the SCLC) would be there to meet with him. Levison said he would be there without fail. King told him to come to room 3121. [redacted]

On October 18, 1966, at 2:07 PM, Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) observed Stanley Levison enter the New York Hilton Hotel elevator bank which services the 31st floor. He was observed getting off the elevator at 2:12 PM, from which he walked to the telephone booth in the lobby where he made several telephone calls. As he was getting ready to get on the elevator at 2:29 PM, Levison met Martin Luther King and Andy Young, who were also waiting for the elevator. They got on the elevator at 2:31 PM. At 2:36 PM, Dr. Kenneth Clark was observed taking the same elevator. He was followed by Clarence Jones at 2:36 PM. U

Stanley Levison

[redacted] b(1)

Re: Communist Infiltration of the SCLC
Internal Security - C

Clarence Jones

Clarence Jones is the General Counsel to the Gandhi Society for Human Rights, 15 East 40th Street, New York, New York. u

[redacted] b(1)

The Labor Youth League has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450. u

Harry Wachtel

Harry Wachtel is the Executive Vice President of the Gandhi Society for Human Rights, New York, New York. u

[redacted] b(1)

A characterization of the National Lawyers Guild is attached hereto. u

[redacted] b(1)

SEC[redacted]T

Re: Communist Infiltration of the SCLC
Internal Security - C

[redacted] b(1) C

With respect to the Gandhi Society for Human Rights, it is to be noted that this organization is an adjunct of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC), of which Martin Luther King, Jr., is the president, and serves to U raise funds for the SCLC.

Re: Communist Infiltration of the SCLC
Internal Security - C

1. APPENDIX

NATIONAL LAWYERS GUILD

The "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications", revised and published as of December 1, 1961, prepared and released by the Committee on Un-American Activities, United States House of Representatives, Washington, D.C., contains the following concerning the National Lawyers Guild:

"National Lawyers Guild

"1. Cited as a Communist front. (Special Committee on Un-American Activities, House Report 1311 on the CIO Political Action Committee, March 29, 1944, p. 149).

"2. Cited as aCommunist front which 'is the foremost legal bulwark of the Communist Party, its front organizations, and controlled unions' and which 'since its inception has never failed to rally to the legal defense of the Communist Party and individual members thereof, including known espionage agents.' (Committee on Un-American Activities, House Report 3123 on the National Lawyers Guild, September 21, 1950, originally related September 17, 1950.)

"3. 'To defend the cases of Communist lawbreakers, fronts have been devised making special appeals in behalf of civil liberties and reaching out far beyond the confines of the Communist Party itself. Among these organizations are the * * * National Lawyers Guild. When the Communist Party itself is under fire these offer a bulwark of protection.' (Internal Security Subcommittee of the Senate Judiciary Committee, Handbook for Americans, S. Doc. 117, April 23, 1956, p. 91.)"

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-64)

CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY S P4 Mylin
REASON FOR EXTENSION 2 FBI
FCIM, II. 1-2.4.2
DATE OF REVIEW FOR DECLASSIFICATION 10-13-86

CONFIDENTIAL

Date: 10/13/66

Transmit the following in 6076 (Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL (Priority)

Mr. Tolson
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Wick
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Felt
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-106670)

FROM : SAC, PHILADELPHIA (100-46230) (RUC)

SUBJECT: MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.
SM - C
(OO: ATLANTA)

Re Philadelphia airtel to the Bureau dated 9/29/66 and Philadelphia letter to the Bureau dated 10/7/66.

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are the original and seven copies of a letterhead memorandum (LHM) concerning KING's visit to Philadelphia. Copies are being furnished Atlanta, which is office of origin and New York for information.

[redacted]

b(1) [redacted] 100-106670-2744

[redacted]

ENCLOSURE

OCT 18 1966

3 - Bureau (100-106670) (Encs.-8) (RM)
1 - Atlanta (100-5586) (Encs.-2) (RM)
1 - New York (100-136585) (Enc.-1) (Info) (RM)
2 - Philadelphia (100-46230)
1 - 100-47672

CCJW:pck
(8)

AGENCY: [redacted] SEC. SER.; [redacted] ED, CRD, RAO
DATE FORWARDED: 10/24/66
HOW FORWARDED: RS
BY: DMW/ci

CONFIDENTIAL

Approved: [redacted] Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

77 NOV 2 1966

JCC AT4LHM 924 PHD
101

4-750 (2-7-79)

XXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXX

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

1 Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

☑ Deleted under exemption(s) b(1) with no segregable material available for release to you.

☐ Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.

☐ Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.

☐ Document(s) originating with the following government agency(ies) _____, was/were forwarded to them for direct response to you.

_____ Page(s) referred for consultation to the following government agency(ies); _____ as the information originated with them. You will be advised of availability upon return of the material to the FBI.

_____ Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):

☐ For your information:

☑ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:
100-106670-2744 pg. 2

XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
X DELETED PAGE(S) X
X NO DUPLICATION FEE X
X FOR THIS PAGE X
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

XXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXX

FBI/DOJ

CONFIDENTIAL

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

October 13, 1966

1-17-81

CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY SP4JRM/ck
REASON FOR EXTENSION 2
FCIM, II, 1-2.4.2
DATE OF REVIEW FOR DECLASSIFICATION 10-13-86
6076

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP(S) OF CC ass
DATE 3-31-81 WG

MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.

Reference is made to a previous communication captioned as above, dated September 29, 1966. U

The October 1, 1966, issue of "The Philadelphia Independent", a Philadelphia Negro-oriented weekly tabloid, carried an article entitled "Big Rights Rally Here October 9th". This article reflects that Dr. MARTIN LUTHER KING and JAMES MEREDITH would be two of the speakers at a giant civil rights rally held at the Arena, 46th and Market Streets, Philadelphia, October 9th. This rally was being sponsored by the Interfaith-Interracial Council of the Clergy and was described by a leader of the group as the biggest, most fruitful rally ever held for the benefit of civil rights in Philadelphia. U

This article further reflects that the proceeds from the rally will go toward a "MEREDITH Mississippi March". The Interfaith-Interracial Council of the Clergy was founded by the Reverend Dr. WILLIAM L. BENTLEY, pastor of the Emmanuel Institutional Baptist Church, following the riots in North Philadelphia two years ago. This organization is comprised of clergy representing all races and religions in Philadelphia. U

A review of the current telephone directory for Philadelphia reflects that Reverend WILLIAM L. BENTLEY resides at 303 Pelham Road, Philadelphia, and is pastor of the Emmanuel Institutional Baptist Church, 1730 North 22nd Street, Philadelphia, Pa. U

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP(S) OF Classification
DATE 1/30/77 HEU/ss

CONFIDENTIAL

~~Group I~~
~~Excluded from automatic downgrading and declassification~~

Classified by 6080 BJ/RAP
Exempt from GDS, Category 2
Date of Declassification Indefinite
11/17/77

DISCLOSURE

MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.

[redacted] C

b(1)

[redacted] C

C [redacted] b(1)

Reverend J. HENRY PATTEN, Secretary of the Civil Committee of the Baptist Ministers Conference in Philadelphia, had been in contact with the Civil Rights Congress in Philadelphia. U

The Baptist Ministers Conference had become interested in those cases involving discrimination against Negroes and as Secretary, PATTEN frequently represented the Conference in connection with these cases. Frequently, the Civil Rights Congress was interested in these cases, too, and requested the Baptist Ministers Conference to work with it. U

The Civil Rights Congress (CRC) has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450. U

In late 1951, Reverend PATTEN cooperated closely with JOHN HOLTON, Secretary of the CRC in Philadelphia, in connection with the case of Reverend STANLEY HATCH, a Baptist minister from Wildwood, N. J., who was arrested on a complaint from a female parishioner and charged with rape. The CRC agreed to support HATCH's case. U

MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.

While arrangements were being made to employ a different attorney, JOHN HOLTON, Reverend HATCH, and Reverend WILLIAM L. BENTLEY, pastor of the Emmanuel Baptist Church, traveled to New York City to confer with WILLIAM L. PATTERSON, National Director of the CRC. The purpose of this visit was to receive PATTERSON's approval for the CRC to assume financial responsibility for the HATCH case. As a result of this meeting, PATTERSON officially agreed that the CRC would wholeheartedly support the HATCH case.

[redacted] b(1)

On October 7, 1966, [redacted] b7(D) advised that MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR., accompanied by Reverend RALPH ABERNATHY, Vice-President, Southern Christian Leadership Conference, and BERNARD LEE, aide, were scheduled to arrive in Philadelphia on Sunday afternoon, October 9, 1966. The tentative schedule included a press conference to be held shortly after their arrival in Philadelphia. That same evening KING, ABERNATHY, and LEE would be joined by JAMES MEREDITH and participate in a civil rights rally at the Arena, 46th and Market Streets, Philadelphia, Pa. On Monday morning, KING was scheduled to attend a private meeting with THATCHER LONGSTRETH, President, Philadelphia Chamber of Commerce, and five other industrialists. He was also scheduled to attend a luncheon of the Chamber of Commerce to honor Reverend WILLIAM L. BENTLEY. After lunch he was scheduled to participate in a dedication of several homes in the 1800 block of Lambert Street, which were

MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.

renovated by the Interfaith-Interracial Council of the Clergy. After this dedication, he was to join a special program at the Emmanuel Institutional Baptist Church, 22nd and Columbia Avenue, of which Reverend BENTLEY is the pastor.

On page 6 of the October 9, 1966, issue of "The Philadelphia Inquirer", a local Philadelphia newspaper, appeared an article entitled "MEREDITH Challenges Negroes to 'Shape Up'; KING Decries Violence". According to this article, JAMES MEREDITH, a lonesome traveler of the civil rights movement, and Reverend MARTIN LUTHER KING attended a rally on Sunday night, October 9, 1966, sponsored by the Interfaith-Interracial Council of the Clergy. At this rally MEREDITH stated the American Negro has a lot of "shaping up" to do before he can expect to live better. He told the Negro males to start acting like a man around the house, he admonished Negroes of both sexes to stay out of bars and look for work, and he urged the colored communities to strive for good schools instead of squabbling over integrated education.

Following MEREDITH's speech, KING advised the 1500 people present that this black power thing has taught the Negro one thing, that is, that there are going to be some serious fights among the Negroes to determine where the Negro is going. According to KING, there is no separate black path to power and there is no separate white path to power. Power does not lie in Molotov cocktails, bricks, stones, or guns. If every Negro in the United States turns to violence, KING stated he would stand as a lone voice, saying that was not the way. He indicated he was sick and tired of violence. He also stated that the Negro needs the white man to free him from his fears and the white man needs the Negro to free him from his guilt. The destinies of the white and Negro are intertwined whether the people like it or not.

On page 6 of the October 11, 1966, issue of "The Philadelphia Inquirer" appeared an article entitled "Dr. KING Warns of Trend Toward 'Black Cities'". Speaking before a luncheon meeting of the Greater Chamber of Commerce at the

MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.

Benjamin Franklin Hotel and attended by more than 300 community businessmen, KING stressed the need for an early solution to settle the differences between the white and Negro populations of the country, which differences will create numerous social problems in every major city.

This meeting was arranged to honor Reverend WILLIAM L. BENTLEY, pastor of the Emmanuel Institutional Baptist Church and President of the Interfaith-Interracial Council of the Clergy, on the celebration of his 25th year as pastor. He was presented with a citation by THATCHER LONGSTRETH, President, Chamber of Commerce. KING told the audience there is a trend in the nation toward a dangerous development in the major cities which threatens to turn them into Negro cities ringed by white suburbs. This situation can only invite disaster. According to KING, there are two Americas in existence today. One is a white America, which is beautiful and prosperous, while the other is the America of the Negroes, which is ugly, brooding, defeated, and disappointed. Combined efforts must be taken to create one America for both whites and Negroes. The Negro is still at the bottom of the economic ladder and the situation has gotten worse in the last 25 years. This problem will become more serious with the advancement of automation. KING cited the causes of the Negroes poor economic position to be underemployment and underearnings. He noted the average annual salary of white workers in the country is $6,874, while the Negro workers is $3,662.

On page 9 of the October 11, 1966, issue of "The Evening Bulletin", a local Philadelphia newspaper, appeared an article entitled "Dr. KING Opens 2d Home Renovated by Clergy Council". This article reflects that KING participated in the opening of a former slum house in the 1800 block of North Lambert Street, which was bought and remodeled by the Interfaith-Interracial Council of the Clergy. According to this article, this home was purchased by the organization, was remodeled, and will be sold to one of the poor Negro families in the neighborhood. As a nonprofit corporation, the organization can keep the cost of its houses down without cutting corners or quality, and it was indicated that these homes renovated by the Council can save the buyer thousands of dollars.

MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.

On page 4 of the October 11, 1966, issue of the "Daily News", a local Philadelphia newspaper, appeared an article entitled "KING Skips Visit to Girard, Calls Demonstrations Vital". This article reflects that MARTIN LUTHER KING had completed a two-day visit in Philadelphia without visiting either Girard College with its renewed picketing for integration or the Kensington neighborhood of Philadelphia, which was marked by disturbances last week after a Negro family had moved in. KING indicated he did not go to Girard College because he was not asked but the situation must be dramatized by demonstrations because it is a matter that needs constant public attention. KING made no comment on the Kensington situation but on the subject of housing did state that people fear Negroes moving into their neighborhoods because they still believe in the erroneous stereotype Negro and that property values will depreciate.

KING stated that he thinks reports of a white backlash are exaggerated and suggested the people wait to see the results of a coming election.

On October 10, 1966, [redacted] Philadelphia Police Department, Philadelphia, Pa., advised the Commissioner's Office of the Police Department had received an anonymous telephone call at approximately 3:30 p.m. that date. The caller stated, "I'm going to shoot MARTIN LUTHER KING". The caller then abruptly hung up. No background noises were noted. b7(c)

[redacted] later advised that MARTIN LUTHER KING departed Philadelphia at 6:06 p.m. that date via train en route to New York City. b7(c)

[redacted] on October 11, 1966, advised that MARTIN LUTHER KING had followed the planned itinerary. He b7(D)

MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.

spent the night of October 9, 1966, at the Franklin Motor Inn, 22nd and the Parkway, Philadelphia.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

FD-323 (Rev. 11-29-61)

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

October 13, 1966

Title MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.

Character

Reference Philadelphia memorandum dated and captioned as above.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

(Rev. 12-13-56)

CONFIDENTIAL

FBI

Date: 10/18/66

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, DETROIT

MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.
SM - C
(OO:Atlanta)
(Bufile 100-106670)
(ATfile 100-5586)
(DEfile 100-31418)

COMINFIL OF SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN
LEADERSHIP COUNCIL
IS - C
(OO:ATLANTA)
(Bufile 100-438794)
(ATfile 100-5718)
(DEfile 100-31774)

10-16-80
CLASSIFIED AND
EXTENDED BY SPJ JRM/LL
REASON FOR EXTENSION
FCIM, II, 1-2.4.2 2
DATE OF REVIEW FOR
DECLASSIFICATION 10-18-86

Re Detroit teletype to Bureau and Atlanta, 10/14/66.

Enclosed for the Bureau are 12 copies and for Atlanta two copies of LHM dated and captioned as above.

Two copies of LHM being furnished G-2 and Secret Service, Detroit. One copy being furnished NIS, Chicago, OSI, Dayton, and USA, Detroit.

ENCLOSURE

5-Bureau (Enc.12) (RM)
2-Atlanta (Enc.2) (RM)
6-Detroit
(1-157-1228)
(1-157-706 POSSIBLE RACIAL VIOLENCE)

REC-138 100-106670-2743

OCT 21 1966

b(1) [redacted]

CONFIDENTIAL

JEK:fro
(13)

AGENCY: ACSI, ONI, OSI, SEC. SER.
[redacted]: ISD, CRD, RAO

DATE FORW: 10/24/66
HOW FORW: AS
BY: [illegible]

b. NOV 9 1966

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

ICC AT + LHM 924940

DE 100-31418
DE 100-31774

CONFIDENTIAL

[redacted]

The enclosed LHM is classified confidential since information furnished by sources utilized could reasonably result in the identification of confidential informants of continuing value and compromise their future effectiveness.thereof.

CONFIDENTIAL

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Detroit, Michigan
October 18, 1966

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY SP4 JRM/JK
REASON FOR EXTENSION FCIM, II, 1-2.4.2
DATE OF REVIEW FOR DECLASSIFICATION 10-18-86
10-16 80
2
54688
80514
73518

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND PERSONNEL NOTIFIED OF DECLASSIFICATION DATE 11/29/82

Re: Martin Luther King, Jr.
Communist Infiltration of
Southern Christian Leadership
Council

[redacted] b(1)

[redacted] King was scheduled to speak at 3:00 P.M. on the topic "Men's Quest for Justice and Equality"

[redacted] relating to Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr.'s appearance in Detroit on October 16, 1966:

King's appearance in Detroit was sponsored by the Men's Group of the New Bethel Baptist Church. King spoke before approximately 2500 to 3000 people, of which approximately 98 per cent was Negro. His speech was of an emotionally religious nature. However, he did interject comments on civil rights. He described his interpretation of black power as follows:

"White power has produced black power. Black power is a sick slogan produced by the diseases of a sick society". At the conclusion of King's talk, a collection was solicited. The amoung of money obtained was not available. The collection appeal commenced with the men volunteering $10, then $5.00 and then the women offered their contributions. Observation of the collection basket indicated there was a noticeable absence of $5 and $10 bills, but many $1 bills were noted in the basket.

[redacted] further stated that there was only a smattering of people present who in the past have been involved in or affiliated with civil rights groups. [redacted] that there was a number of politicians present at

b(1)

DECLASSIFIED BY 6088 Sel/MP
ON 11/17/87

100-166672-1775

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~GROUP 1~~
~~Excluded from Automatic~~
~~Downgrading and Declassification~~

ENCLOSURE

CONFIDENTIAL

this affair who were currently running for political office. This source further advised that this affair was conducted in an orderly manner with no incidents.

[redacted] advised on October 17, 1966, that there were no incidents in connection with King's appearance in Detroit on October 16, 1966. [redacted] stated that King's appearance in Detroit was basicly of a religious nature. b7(D)

The "Detroit Free Press", a Detroit daily newspaper, in its edition of October 17, 1966, on page 3, Section A, contained an article captioned "King Lists Cures for City's Ills". This article is set out as follows:

> "Martin Luther King said Sunday that the techniques developed in his so-far successful Chicago civil rights crusade could be effectively applied in metropolitan Detroit.
>
> "He referred to the development of tenant councils in ghetto areas and the use of community pressure to break down racial barriers in all-white neighborhoods and suburbs.
>
> "In Detroit, civil rights groups have failed to organize tenant councils and there are widespread complaints of inadequate housing, due partly to racial descrimination.
>
> "THE NOBEL Peace Prize winner, in Detroit to address the annual men's day dinner of New Bethel Baptist Church, said the techniques could be utilized locally without his leadership.
>
> "'My presence is not necessary', King said. 'If communities are waiting for me, we'll be another hundred years waiting for freedom.'
>
> "King also urged Detroit 'people of goodwill' to support the millage proposal on the Nov. 8 ballot for additional school funds.

Re: Martin Luther King, Jr.;
Communist Infiltration of Southern
Christian Leadership Council

"He said all urban areas need additional funds to obtain quality integrated education.

"Sitting at a plain wooden table under a large, elaborate gold cross, King said he was not interested in purging militant civil rights groups.

"King, who has rejected the black power concepts of such groups as the Student Non-violent Co-ordinating Committee, said he wanted to bring these people back 'to the great principles.

"'I am not interested in purging anyone - but carrying (people) to higher goals.'

"He said the Negro community is outraged at the success some racist politicians - such as Lester Maddox, the Georgia gubernatorial candidate - are now enjoying.

"'Maddox is a symbol of hatred and man's inhumanity to man,' he declared. 'Every revolution has its counter-revolution.

"'But we are not going to despair. I don't think' Maddox represents the wave of the future'".

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OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. W.C. Sullivan

DATE: 10/17/66

FROM : F.J. Baumgardner

1 - Mr. DeLoach
1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mr. Baumgardner
1 - Mr. D.M. Wells

SUBJECT: MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.

DECLASSIFIED BY 5P4JRMLB ON 1-17-81

6076

Tolson
DeLoach
Mohr
Tavel
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
Felt
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

b(2) b7(D)

[redacted] advised that on 10/15/66 Stanley Levison and Bayard Rustin were in contact. Both have subversive backgrounds and are principal advisers to Martin Luther King, Jr., President, Southern Christian Leadership Conference. They discussed a current article appearing in the "New York Times" concerning King's stand in the civil rights movement. Rustin argued that King cannot continually put himself in the middle of the movement. Rustin asserted that King should take a firmer stand closer to that repudiating the "black power" groups.

Levison told Rustin he is trying to arrange a trip for King and his wife to Africa and Latin America to place emphasis on King being interested in the poor, both white and black.

On the same date Levison was also in contact with Andrew Young, Executive Director, Southern Christian Leadership Conference, at which time they discussed the "New York Times" article concerning King. They agreed that a letter should be directed to the newspaper setting forth what King's position is in the civil rights movement. They discussed what the contents of the letter should be. Young stated he felt the Administration was trying to divide "us." He added that King is not ready to say this publicly.

Levison later the same day contacted Martin Luther King, Jr. When discussing the newspaper article King stated "that just shows you how you can get into a bind." Levison suggested that King should send a letter to the "New York Times" and clearly state his position. King advised he did not want to be lumped in as taking the same role as Roy Wilkins of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People and Whitney Young of the Urban League, opposing Black Power.

100-106670 REC-111 100-106670-2742

1 - 100-438794 (Southern Christian Leadership Conference)

DMW:lmm (6)

Enclosure

CONTINUED - OVER

4 OCT 21 1966

54 OCT 28 1966

Classified by
Exempt from GDS, Category
Date of Declassification Indefinite

NO SEC

Baumgardner to Sullivan Memorandum
Re: MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.
100-106670 [redacted]

RECOMMENDATION:

That copies of the enclosure be forwarded by routing slips to the Honorable Marvin Watson, Special Assistant to the President; The Acting Attorney General; Deputy Attorney General; and Assistant Attorneys General Yeagley and Doar (U)

 [redacted]

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

[redacted]

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

DECLASSIFIED BY SP4 JMM/LK ON 1-17-81

6074

October 17, 1966

MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.

The following information has been supplied by a confidential source of this Bureau who has furnished reliable information in the past.

On October 15, 1966, Stanley Levison, an adviser of Martin Luther King, Jr., President, Southern Christian Leadership Conference, was in contact with Bayard Rustin, another of King's advisers. The two discussed what position King should assume in the civil rights movement. Rustin argued that King cannot continually put himself in the middle because this is the wrong position according to a large segment of the white liberals and the Negro middle class. Levison did not agree entirely, stating that it might be that way with some white liberals. [redacted]

Levison explained that King's position is not too different from others. There is only a margin of difference. At the moment, King does not want to ignore or isolate those who have an erroneous slogan. Rustin was of the opinion that King should take a firm stand repudiating the "black power" groups. [redacted]

Levison mentioned he had talked about arranging a trip for King and his wife to Africa and Latin America to place emphasis on King's being interested in the poor, both white and black. Upon his return, King would then be the spokesman for both white and black poor people. [redacted]

On the same date, Levison was also in contact with Andrew Young, Executive Director, Southern Christian Leadership Conference. Levison acquainted Young with the "New York Times" [redacted]

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~GROUP 1~~
~~Excluded from automatic downgrading and declassification~~

Classified by 1259
Exempt from GDS, Category 2
Date of Declassification Indefinite

[redacted]

ENCLOSURE

story captioned "Doctor King Endorses Racial Statement, Backs Negro Repudiation of Black Power Concept." Levison suggested that King write a letter to the "Times" clearly defining his stand in the civil rights movement. [redacted]

Young explained, he feels King, in his statement, should say that while he realized the role of the Urban League and the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People, he never thought their role was synonymous with his. Also, he understands the frustration of the black people and their disillusionment with the Administration and that he is not ready to give up. Young indicated that he believes the Administration is trying to divide "us." He added that King is not ready to say this publicly. [redacted]

Levison indicated he would get something to the "New York Times" by Monday. [redacted]

Later the same day, Levison was also in contact with Martin Luther King, Jr. When discussing the newspaper article, King stated "that just shows you how you can get into a bind." Levison stated he was convinced that Rustin did this. He also believes Rustin wants to box King in. Levison suggested King send a letter to the "New York Times." King advised that the only time he makes tactical errors is when he deals with Rustin. King added that he thought a letter to the newspaper stating his position was the only way out. He stated that he did not want to be lumped in as taking the same role as Roy Wilkins of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People and Whitney Young of the Urban League. [redacted]

Stanley Levison is a long-time communist whose membership in the Communist Party, USA, has been established as of July, 1963. [redacted]

During the early 1940's, Bayard Rustin was a member of the Young Communist League, an organization which has been designated subversive pursuant to Executive Order 10450. [redacted]

4-750 (2-7-79)

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
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100-106670-2742 pg. 3 enc

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FBI/DOJ

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-64)

FBI

Date: 10/19/66

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority)

TO DIRECTOR, FBI (100-106670)

FROM SAC, NEWARK (100-47520) -P-

SUBJ MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.
SECURITY MATTER - C

Enclosed for the Bureau are an original and 7 copies of a letterhead memorandum and for Atlanta 2 copies of a letterhead memo dated and captioned as above. b(2) b7(D)

[redacted] identical to [redacted]

For the information of the Bureau and Atlanta the NKO will follow this matter and report all pertinent developments.

3-Bureau (Enc. 8) (RM)
2-Atlanta (100-5536) (Enc. 2) (RM)
4-Newark
(1-100-48606) (TACT)
(1-157-1611)
(1-157-1835)

JJK:lab
(9)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 1-17-81 BY SP4 JPM/LL 6376

FX-103 100-106670-2741

AGENCY: ACSI, ONI, OSI; S[redacted]R.;
[redacted]: ISD, CRD, RAO
DATE FORW: 10/24/66
HOW FORW: NS
BY: [illegible]

REC 33 1 OCT 20 1966

51 OCT 26 1966

C C - Wick
Approved: PWO
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Newark, New Jersey

October 19, 1966

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 1-17-81 BY SP4 [illegible] 6076

MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.
SECURITY MATTER - C

[redacted] who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised that he had heard that Martin Luther King, Jr., was to be invited to visit the campus of Fairleigh Dickinson University, Teaneck, New Jersey, in the latter part of October, 1966. His appearance is to be sponsored by a representative of student organization of the university. It was the opinion of [redacted] that Martin Luther King would not make a scheduled appearance stating that he had been similarly invited before, but not only did not make an appearance, but did not return the money sent to him to cover his expenses. He gave as a reason for not making an appearance at that time the fact that he was more urgently needed elsewhere. b(2) b7(D)

[redacted] advised that he also had heard of a possible scheduled appearance of Martin Luther King, Jr. to the campus, but the details as of this date were unavailable. b7(D)

[redacted] advised that the Arts and Letters Committee of Fairleigh Dickinson University had invited Martin Luther King to speak on October 29, 1966, at 8:30 p.m., in the auditorium of the Bergen County Vocational and Technical High School in Hackensack, New Jersey. He is to be paid the sum of $3,000 and will speak for forty minutes. An admission fee of $1.00 will be charged and the auditorium will be open to the public.

"The Record", Hackensack, New Jersey, daily newspaper, on October 15, 1966, Page 7, Week End Edition, carried an article titled "King Will Speak At Bergen Tech." This article reads as follows:

ENCLOSURE

MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.

"Dr. Martin Luther King will speak October 29 at 8:30 P. M. in the new County auditorium at Bergen County Vocational and Technical High School in Hackensack.

"Dr. King's appearance is sponsored by the Arts and Letters Committee of Fairleigh Dickinson University, a student organization. The program is open to the general public, but there will be an admission charge."

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CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY SPG/JAM/LL
REASON FOR EXTENSION 2
FCIM, II. 1-2.4.2
DATE OF REVIEW 10-17-86
DECLASSIFICATION 6076

F B I

Date: 10/17/66

CONFIDENTIAL

Transmit the following in (Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL (Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-153735)

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP(S) OF Classification DATE 11/30/77 WS

SUBJECT: CIRM
IS-C

Re New York teletype dated 10/15/66, reporting contact between STANLEY LEVISON and BAYARD RUSTIN.

Enclosed are ten copies of a letterhead memorandum (LHM) incorporating information from [redacted] a source close to STANLEY LEVISON, and [redacted] Two copies are enclosed for the information of the Atlanta Office since that office is origin in the KING and SCLC cases. b(2) b7(D)

[redacted] b(1)

4 - Bureau (100-442529) (Encls. 10) (RM)
(1 - 100-106670) (MARTIN LUTHER KING)
2 - Atlanta (100-6670) (Encls. 2) (Info) (RM)
(1 - 100-5586) (MARTIN LUTHER KING)
1 - New York (100-46729) (BAYARD RUSTIN) (42)
1 - New York (100-73250) (CLARENCE JONES) (42)
1 - New York (100-111180) (STANLEY LEVISON) (42)
1 - New York (100-136585) (MARTIN LUTHER KING) (42)
1 - New York (100-149194) (COMINFIL SCLC) (41)
1 - New York (100-153735) (CIRM) (42)

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP(S) OF Close DATE 3-31-81 WS

JMK:gmd
(13)

NOT RECORDED
202 OCT 21 1966

CARBON COPY

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____

Special Agent in Charge

CONFIDENTIAL

ORIGINAL FILED IN

5 OCT 24 1966

Classified by [redacted] 1981 (TAP
Exempt from GDS, Category [redacted]
Date of Declassification Indefinite 11/10/71

4-750 (2-7-79)

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NOT REC. 10/17/66 N.Y. airtel + L.H.M. pg. 2

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FBI/DOJ

SECRET

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

New York, New York
October 17, 1966

CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY SPW/RMH
REASON FOR EXTENSION 2
FOR 6 YEARS
DATE OF REVIEW FOR DECLASSIFICATION 10-17-81
1-17-81
6076

Bureau 100-442529

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP(S) OF Classification
DATE 11/22/77

Re: Communist Influence in Racial Matters
Internal Security - C

A confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, furnished information on October 15, 1966, which disclosed that Stanley Levison and Bayard Rustin (organizer of the March on Washington, 1963), were in contact on that date. Their contact was in regard to the question of black power and a statement which appeared in "The New York Times" on October 14, 1955, concerning this issue. The following is in substance what Levison and Rustin said:

Levison said that when he asked Martin Luther King (President of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference) (SCLC) the reason for his positive reply to the question "Do you endorse the statement issued by other civil rights leaders", he replied, "I thought we agreed that this is what I would say". Levison added he then reminded King of what he had told him earlier saying he should say he found nothing in it that he did not agree with, but his own statement to the press was his feeling on the matter. Levison explained that the statement was different from the endorsement.

Levison commented that "The New York Times" article by Gene Roberts was placed in the paper intentionally for they apparently wanted him (King) to take that position.

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APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP(S) OF Class
DATE 3-31-81 WCG

SECRET
~~Group I~~
~~Excluded from automatic downgrading and declassification~~

Classified by 6080 Ted/TAP
Exempt from GDS category
Date of Declassification Indefinite
11/17/77

ENCLOSURE

Re: Communist Influence In Racial Matters
Internal Security - C

Rustin said King had to make up his mind publicly and state whether he endorses the statement or not. Levison explained with regard to King's position that it could be that there was only a certain margin of difference between King and the others, and King differs only in the fact that he did not want to ignore or isolate those who have an erroneous slogan at the present time.

Rustin mentioned that he had talked to Floyd McKissick, Director of the Congress of Racial Equality (CORE), that morning and his position was that he just did not know why they continue telling "white folks" what their purposes are and they have been telling the whites for too long what they believe.

Rustin made the observation that King would be in a jam when hundreds of Negroes in the country would be endorsing and signing a statement of this nature if his name was not on it. He said in his opinion that it was a very serious mistake for King. Levison explained that it was his feeling that King would not sign the statement no matter how many were going to sign it. Rustin commented that one cannot continuously put himself in the middle this way and that was what King had done again. Rustin said that was bad with a large segment of white liberals and it was also bad with the Negro middle class. Levison said he was not convinced of that but added that it may be bad with some white liberals.

Levison suggested that Rustin should write to King about this situation. Levison mentioned that he had talked about arranging a trip for King and his wife to Africa and Latin America and place emphasis on the theme of King's interest in the poor of both white and black., in order that when he returned he could be the spokesman for both white and black poor.

The same source also advised on October 15, 1966, that Levison was in contact with Andrew Young (Executive Director, SCLC), on that date. Levison acquainted Young with the story in "The New York Times" that "Doctor King Endorses Racial Statement, Backs Negro Repudiation of Black Power

document". Levison suggested that King had to write a letter to "The Times" in which he could clearly define where he stood. Young made the suggestion that they needed to say that the press came out and defined the context of the statement in the press and gave a misleading effect to it and the press should not continue to do this. Levison said that Rustin felt that King could not stay in the middle; it would do him tremendous harm. Levison said he told Rustin that King wanted to be in the middle. Levison also suggested that they could also say that King was endorsing the four principles in that statement.

> With regard to the statement to which reference is made, on October 14, 1966, "The New York Times" on page 27, carried an article which was captioned "7 Negro Leaders Issue a Statement of Principles Repudiating 'Black Power' Concepts". Although King was not one of the signers of the declaration, the statement quoted Dr. John Morsell, Assistant National Director of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People (NAACP), as having said that the absence of King's name was not a rejection by King of the statement.

The four principles in the statement to which Levison referred are:

> "We are committed to the attainment of racial justice by democratic process".
>
> "We repudiate any strategies of violence, reprisal or vigilantism and we condemn both rioting and the demogoguery that feeds it".
>
> "We are committed to integration, by which we mean an end to every barrier which segregation and other forms of discrimination have raised against the enjoyment by Negro Americans of their human constitutional rights".

Re: Communist Influence in Racial Matters
Internal Security - C

> "As we are committed to the goal of integration into every aspect of the national life, we are equally committed to the common responsibility of all Americans, both white and black, for bringing integration to pass".

Young explained that he felt that King in his statement should say that while he realized the role of the Urban League and the NAACP, he never thought his role to be synonymous with theirs, and that while he understood the frustrations of the black people and their disillusionment with the administration, he was not ready to give up. Levison agreed with Young. Young indicated that he believed that the administration was trying to divide "us", but that King was not ready to say so. Levison indicated that he would like to get something in "The Times" by Monday.

> "The New York Times", Monday, October 17, 1966, on page 42, carried an article captioned "Dr. King Clarifies His Stand". In it King is reported to have endorsed the four principles contained in the October 14, 1966 statement of the seven Negro leaders. He said, however, that he did not endorse the manifesto because he feared it might be interpreted by the press and public as an attempt to "excommunicate" from the civil rights movement such black power-oriented organizations as the Student Non-Violent Coordinating Committee (SNCC) and Congress of Racial Equality (CORE).

On October 15, 1966, the same source advised that Stanley Levison and Martin Luther King were in contact on that date. Levison mentioned the article in "The Times" about King's endorsement of the statement and King replied, "That just shows you how you can get into a bind". Levison said he was convinced that Rustin did that; and he thought that Rustin wanted to box King in. Levison suggested that the way to handle the matter was to send a letter to "The Times" acknowledging the endorsement of the statement, but adding that

Re: Communist Influence in Racial Matters
Internal Security - C

the endorsement was of the four principles that King had always accepted; however, the press had chosen to read this act as a rejection of the black power concepts and the organizations and this he could not accept and must clarify what his position was, rejecting black power as a slogan and any injury it might cause but not rejecting the need for participation and power of Negroes.

King said he thought that that would be the only way out, and he added that what bothered him was that when he made tactical errors, it was usually when he was trying to deal with Rustin. Levison commented that King would have to rethink the business of treating Rustin as an adviser. King indicated that it made him look as if he did not have any integrity especially after he told Floyd McKissick of CORE that he did not sign the petition. King said he must be in a position where he would not be lumped in with Roy Wilkins of the NAACP and Whitney Young of the Urgan League.

A confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised on October 15, 1966, that on that date, Clarence Jones made the following observations:

Martin Luther King not only refused to sign the statement (the statement condemning Black Power by civil rights leaders), but Bayard Rustin was the one who played the role. What happened was that the American Federation of Labor and the Congress of Industrial Organizations (AFL-CIO) working through Rustin, and the Administration working through Whitney Young (Head of the Urban League), tried to come up with this kind of statement. Rustin was prepared to present it to King but King would not sign it.

King said he did not agree with Stokely Carmichael on everything but Carmichael does articulate what many of the young people feel. King asked Rustin how he, King, could have their respect and continue to have a dialogue with them if he signed some statement "by some Mickey Mouse Negroes".

Floyd McKissick had contacted King and said he was grateful that King did not sign the statement.

Re: Communist Influence in Racial Matters
Internal Security - C

King does not want to be cut off from the young people. King has been working with (youth) gangs in Chicago and he knows these gangs reflect the way Carmichael feels. King knows he can go into a room with these gangs and carry on a discussion with them.

The source also advised on October 15, 1966, that Clarence Jones introduced Douglas Pugh to Martin Luther King. Jones described Pugh as the person who has a substantive role in the planning of the (Ford) foundation concerning poverty and civil rights. Jones said he felt it was important for King to talk with Pugh.

Pugh told King that he had spoken to Jones about McGeorge Bundy (Head of the Ford Foundation), who is ready to move in the civil rights field. King noted that he was scheduled to meet with Bundy on Tuesday (October 18, 1966), after which he wants to work out a proposal which will be helpful to the (Ford) foundation. Pugh suggested that in King's meeting with Bundy the conversation should be broad and imaginative and that King should talk in terms of big money. Pugh noted the White House Conference (on civil rights) had suggested a ten year program which has to be financed.

King suggested that he meet with Pugh after his discussion with Bundy. Pugh stated that King could reach him at the Ford Foundation which he recently joined after having worked with Haryou-Act and the anti-poverty program.

Re: Communist Influence in Racial Matters
Internal Security - C

[redacted] b(1)

Clarence Jones is the General Counsel to the Gandhi Society for Human Rights, 15 East 40th Street, New York, New York. U

[redacted] b(1)

The Labor Youth League has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450. U

Communist Influence In Racial Matters

In "The Saturday Evening Post", issue of July 11-18, 1964, page 76, Bayard Rustin is the subject of a feature article captioned: "The Lone Wolf of Civil Rights". In it, Rustin is said to have come to New York in 1938, as an organizer for the Young Communist League (YCL), and as such, he had the job of recruiting students for the "Party". Furthermore, the article reports that during his first years in New York, Rustin gave most of his earnings to the "Party". He reportedly left the "Party" in 1941, the article states. (U)

The YCL has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450. (U)

The "Daily Worker", February 11, 1957, page 1 column 2, reported that Bayard Rustin, Executive Secretary, War Resisters League, was an observer at the 16th National Convention of the Communist Party, United States of America (CP, USA), held in New York City, on February 9-12, 1957. (U)

The "Daily Worker" was an East Coast Communist publication until it ceased publication on January 13, 1958. (U)

[redacted] (S)

Another confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised on February 19, 20, 1964, that Bayard Rustin contacted Benjamin J. Davis on those dates (U)

and sought his advice as to how he could escape from a speaking engagement to which he was committed. On the latter contact, Davis told Rustin that he was working on his request and had contacted friends who had contacts with the group to which Rustin was to speak.

[redacted] b(1) c

"The New York Times", August 24, 1964, page 27, column 4, reports that Benjamin J. Davis, National Secretary, CP, USA, died in New York City on the night of August 22, 1964.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

- DeLoach
1 - Sullivan
1 - Baumgardner
1 - D.M. Wells

~~SECRET~~

CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY SP4 STM/ps
REASON FOR EXTENSION 2
FCIM, II, 2
DATE OF REVIEW FOR DECLASSIFICATION 10/1/84

October 17, 1966

MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.

The following information has been supplied by a confidential source of this Bureau who has furnished reliable information in the past.

On October 15, 1966, Stanley Levison, an adviser of Martin Luther King, Jr., President, Southern Christian Leadership Conference, was in contact with Bayard Rustin, another of King's advisers. The two discussed what position King should assume in the civil rights movement. Rustin argued that King cannot continually put himself in the middle because this is the wrong position according to a large segment of the white liberals and the Negro middle class. [redacted] Levison did not agree entirely stating that it might be that way with some white liberals. [redacted]

Levison explained that King's position is not too different from others. There is only a margin of difference. At the moment, King does not want to ignore or isolate those who have an erroneous slogan. Rustin was of the opinion that King should take a firm stand repudiating the "black power" [redacted] groups.

Levison mentioned he had talked about arranging a trip for King and his wife to Africa and Latin America to place emphasis on King's being interested in the poor, both white and black. Upon his return, King would then be the [redacted] spokesman for both white and black poor people. [redacted]

On the same date, Levison was also in contact with Andrew Young, Executive Director, Southern Christian Leadership Conference. Levison acquainted Young with the "New York Times" [redacted]

100-106670
1 - 100-438794 (SCLC)
DMW:deh

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
~~GROUP 4~~
~~Excluded from automatic downgrading and declassification~~

SEE NOTE PAGE 3.

REC 30

100-106670-2740

EX-109

OCT 27 1966

Tolson
DeLoach
Mohr
Wick
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
Felt
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

Classified by SP4 STM/ALP
Exempt from GDS, Category 2
Date of Declassification Indefinite

9 OCT 21 1966

MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.

story captioned "Doctor King Endorses Racial Statement, Backs Negro Repudiation of Black Power Concept." Levison suggested that King write a letter to the "Times" clearly defining his stand in the civil rights movement.

Young explained, he feels King, in his statement, should say that while he realized the role of the Urban League and the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People, he never thought their role was synonymous with his. Also, he understands the frustration of the black people and their disillusionment with the Administration and that he is not ready to give up. Young indicated that he believes the Administration is trying to divide "us." He added that King is not ready to say this publicly.

Levison indicated he would get something to the "New York Times" by Monday.

Later the same day, Levison was also in contact with Martin Luther King, Jr. When discussing the newspaper article, King stated "that just shows you how you can get into a bind." Levison stated he was convinced that Rustin did this. He also believes Rustin wants to box King in. Levison suggested King send a letter to the "New York Times." King advised that the only time he makes tactical errors is when he deals with Rustin. King added that he thought a letter to the newspaper stating his position was the only way out. He stated that he did not want to be lumped in as taking the same role as Roy Wilkins of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People and Whitney Young of the Urban League.

Stanley Levison is a long-time communist whose membership in the Communist Party, USA, has been established as of July, 1963.

During the early 1940's, Bayard Rustin was a member of the Young Communist League, an organization which has been designated subversive pursuant to Executive Order 10450. [redacted] b7(c)

MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.

[redacted]

b7(c)

The
Xerox copies to White House, Acting Attorney General, Deputy Attorney General, and Assistant Attorneys General Yeagley and Doar.

NOTE:

Classified "Confidential" inasmuch as the source for the above information is highly sensitive source in the racial field.

See memorandum from F. J. Baumgardner to Mr. W. C. Sullivan dated 10/17/66, captioned as above, prepared by DMW:lmm.

F B I

Date: 10/13/66

CONFIDENTIAL

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

SECRET

Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-438794)

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-149194)

SUBJECT: COMINFIL SCLC
IS-C
(OO: Atlanta)

INTERDEPARTMENTAL AGENCIES
INTERDEPARTMENTAL OFFICES
CLEARED FOR ROUTING
DATE 11/30/77

There are enclosed for the Bureau ten copies of a letterhead memorandum (LHM) containing information furnished by [redacted] and [redacted]. Two copies are furnished for Atlanta since it is origin in Cominfil SCLC and MARTIN LUTHER KING cases. b(2) b7(D)

[redacted] b(1)

4 - Bureau (100-438794) (Encls. 10) (RM)
(1 - 100-6670) (MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.)
2 - Atlanta (100-5718) (Encls. 2) (RM)
(1 - 100-5586) (MARTIN LUTHER KING)
1 - New York (100-73250) (CLARENCE JONES) (42)
1 - New York (100-111180) (STANLEY LEVISON) (42)
1 - New York (100-46729) (BAYARD RUSTIN) (42)
1 - New York (100-136585) (MARTIN LUTHER KING) (42)
1 - New York (100-148289) (HARRY WACHTEL) (42)
1 - New York (100-153735) (CIRM) (42)
1 - New York (100-149194) (41)

CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY SPY Jenkins
REASON FOR EXTENSION FCIM, II, 1-2
DATE OF REVIEW FOR DECLASSIFICATION 10-13-86
10-16-80

NOT RECORDED
202 OCT 18 1966

JFO:gmd
(14)

Classified by 6080 Jel/mp
Exempt from GDS, Category _____
Date of Declassification Indefinite
11-17-77

ENCLOSURE

6 20CT 24 1966

Sent _____ M Per _____

Special Agent in Charge

CONFIDENTIAL

ORIGINAL FILED IN

4-750 (2-7-79)

XXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXX

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

1 Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

☑ Deleted under exemption(s) b(1) with no segregable material available for release to you.

☐ Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.

☐ Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.

☐ Document(s) originating with the following government agency(ies) _____ _____, was/were forwarded to them for direct response to you.

_____ Page(s) referred for consultation to the following government agency(ies); _____ _____ as the information originated with them. You will be advised of availability upon return of the material to the FBI.

_____ Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):

_____

_____

☐ For your information: _____

_____

☑ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:
NOT REC. 10/13/66 N. Y. Central + S.H.A.

XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
X DELETED PAGE(S) X
X NO DUPLICATION FEE X
X FOR THIS PAGE X
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

XXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXX

FBI/DOJ

SECRET

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

New York, New York
October 13, 1966

Bureau 100-438794

10-16-80
CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY SP4JRM/LK
REASON: FCIM, II, 1-2.42(b)(1)
DATE OF REVIEW FOR DECLASSIFICATION 10-13-86
2
54688
80514
73518

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES INFORMED BY ROUTING SLIP(S) OF 11/22/77

Re: Communist Infiltration of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC)
Internal Security - C

A confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, ascertained on October 11, 1966, that a person whom the source believed to be Douglas Pugh, Assistant Executive Director of Haryou-Act, contacted Clarence Jones regarding the advisability of Pugh attending the meeting of Martin Luther King and his advisors to be held in Atlanta, Georgia, on October 13,14, 1966. Pugh explained that his interest in attending the meeting is because he believes the foundation (the Ford Foundation) is interested in finding out what role it can play now (in the civil rights movement). He added that it might be meaningful for him to sit in on the discussions since they have this entry (to the Ford Foundation) through himself. U

Another confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised on October 11, 1966, that on that date, Jones told Stanley Levison that Douglas Pugh had informed him that (McGeorge) Bundy and the Ford Foundation are quite interested in Martin Luther King and the SCLC. According to Jones, Pugh said one of the policy discussions of the foundation is concerned with the programs they might finance in the civil rights movement and that Pugh was directed to see if he could sit in on the discussions that King and his advisors would be having. U

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

Classified by 6080 Ld/mp
Exempt from GDS, Category 3
Date of Declassification Indefinite
11/27/77

SECRET
~~Group I~~
~~Excluded from automatic downgrading and declassification~~

ENCLOSURE

[illegible] ED
[illegible] IED
EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.

Re: Communist Infiltration of the SCLC
Internal Security - C

Levison stated that he had spoken with an individual from the Ford Foundation for several hours and was told the same thing, that they are very interested. Levison said he was told that Bundy wants to give something to the SCLC because he wants to keep his relationship with Bobby Kennedy (Senator Robert Kennedy of New York), hoping that when Kennedy "gets in" he (Bundy) will be called back at a high level. S

Levison said he talked to King about what kind of proposals to make (to the Ford Foundation) and that he, Levison, raised the matter of voter registration in the South on the basis that there is much work to be done and Foundations used to support this. He said King felt this was top priority for them. S

Levison felt that Pugh should be invited when they discuss voter registration and its significance in the South. He said Jones should tell King this and that they should schedule this discussion for a specific day and invite Pugh to be there for it. S

According to the first confidential source mentioned, on October 10, 1966, Clarence Jones made plans to fly to Atlanta at 6:05 PM, October 12, 1966, by Eastern Airlines Flight 103, leaving Kennedy International Airport, New York, New York, and arriving Atlanta at 7:05 PM. U

The same source advised on October 11, 1966, that Stanley Levison stated he was taking the same flight and arranged to meet Jones at the airport. Levison further stated that reservations have been made for them to stay at the University Plaza Motel, 635 Fair Street, Atlanta, Georgia. S

The first sourcementioned indicated on October 10, 1966, that (Harry) Wachtel would be taking Eastern Airlines flight 103 to Atlanta, Georgia, on October 12, 1966. U

On October 11, 1966, Eastern Airlines reservations records reflected that a reservation in the name of Wachtel had been made aboard flight 103, for October 12, 1966. In addition, the reservation for Wachtel provides for three other persons (Levison, Jones and Bayard Rustin). U

Re: Communist Infiltration of the SCLC
Internal Security - C

Clarence Jones

Clarence Jones is the General Counsel to the Gandhi Society for Human Rights, 15 East 40th Street, New York, New York. U

[redacted] b(1)

The Labor Youth League has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450. U

Stanley Levison

[redacted] b(1)

Harry Wachtel

Harry Wachtel is the Executive Vice President of the Gandhi Society for Human Rights, New York, New York. U

Re: Communist Infiltration of the SCLC
Internal Security - C

[redacted] b(1)

A characterization of the National Lawyers Guild is attached hereto.

[redacted] b(1)

With respect to the Gandhi Society for Human Rights, it is to be noted that this organization is an adjunct of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC), of which Martin Luther King, Jr., is the president, and serves to raise funds for the SCLC.

Bayard Rustin

In "The Saturday Evening Post", issue of July 11-18, 1964, page 76, Bayard Rustin is the subject of a feature article captioned: "The Lone Wolf of Civil Rights". In it, Rustin is said to have come to New York in 1938, as an organizer

Re: Communist Infiltration of the SCLC
Internal Security - C

for the Young Communist League (YCL), and as such, he had the job of recruiting students for the "Party". Furthermore, the article reports that during his first years in New York, Rustin gave most of his earnings to the "Party". He reportedly left the "Party" in 1941, the article states. U

The YCL has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450. U

The "Daily Worker", February 11, 1957, page 1, column 2, reported that Bayard Rustin, Executive Secretary, War Resisters League, was an observer at the 16th National Convention of the Communist Party, United States of America (CPUSA), held in New York City, on February 9-12, 1957. U

The "Daily Worker" was an East Coast Communist publication until it ceased publication on January 13, 1958. U

[redacted] b(1)

Another confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised on February 19, 20, 1964, that Bayard Rustin contacted Benjamin J. Davis on those dates and sought his advice as to how he could escape from a speaking engagement to which he was committed. On the latter contact, Davis told Rustin that he was working on his request and had contacted friends who had contacts with the group to which Rustin was to speak. U

Re: Communist Infiltration of the SCLC
Internal Security - C

[redacted] b(1)

"The New York Times", August 24, 1964, page 27, column 4, reports that Benjamin J. Davis, National Secretary, CPUSA, died in New York City on the night of August 22, 1964.

Re: Communist Infiltration of the SCLC
Internal Security - C

1. APPENDIX

NATIONAL LAWYERS GUILD

The "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications," revised and published as of December 1, 1961, prepared and released by the Committee on Un-American Activities, United States House of Representatives, Washington, D.C., contains the following concerning the National Lawyers Guild:

"National Lawyers Guild

"1. Cited as a Communist front. (Special Committee on Un-American Activities, House Report 1311 on the CIO Political Action Committee, March 29, 1944, p. 149.)

"2. Cited as a Communist front which 'is the foremost legal bulwark of the Communist Party, its front organizations, and controlled unions' and which 'since its inception has never failed to rally to the legal defense of the Communist Party and individual members thereof, including known espionage agents.' (Committee on Un-American Activities, House Report 3123 on the National Lawyers Guild, September 21, 1950, originally related September 17, 1950.)

"3. 'To defend the cases of Communist lawbreakers, fronts have been devised making special appeals in behalf of civil liberties and reaching out far beyond the confines of the Communist Party itself. Among these organizations are the * * * National Lawyers Guild. When the Communist Party itself is under fire these offer a bulwark of protection.' (Internal Security Subcommittee of the Senate Judiciary Committee, Handbook for Americans, S. Doc. 117, April 23, 1956, p. 91.)"

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27
5010-106

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

CONFIDENTIAL

TO : Mr. Sullivan

FROM : F. J. Baumgardner

SUBJECT: MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.
STOKELY CARMICHAEL

DATE: 10/3/66

1 - DeLoach
1 - Sullivan
1 - Baumgardner
1 - Basher
1 - D. Wells

Mohr
Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Callahan
Conrad
Felt
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

Due to the interest of the President in the activities of Stokely Carmichael and his organization, the Student Nonviolent Coordinating Committee, as well as the prominent position of Martin Luther King, Jr., President, Southern Christian Leadership Conference, in the civil rights movement, we have prepared a summary setting forth the current activities of these individuals and their organizations.

[redacted] b(1) b7(D)

On 9/29/66, confidential source [redacted] advised that King and Stanley Levison, a long-time secret communist and a principal advisor to King, were in contact that day. King expressed extreme dissatisfaction with the election of Lester Maddox as the Democratic nominee for the Governor of Georgia which indicates a sickness developing in the Nation and he wants a two or three day conference to decide what to do about this. King informed Levison that Whitney Young, Executive Director, Urban League, is upset about the Nation as a whole and something must be done to shock white America. Young is thinking about resigning and King commented he was thinking about doing the same. Levison observed that resigning would not be shocking enough to white America. b(2) b7(D)

Enclosures - Sent 10-4-66 100-106670
100-106670
1 - Bufile 100-446080 (Stokely Carmichael)

REC-61 100-106670-7139

DMW:deh
(7)

CONFIDENTIAL

CONTINUED - OVER

18 OCT 19 1966

SECRET

CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY SP4/Wmm
REASON FOR EXTENSION 1-2
FCIM, II, 1-2.4.2
DATE OF REVIEW FOR DECLASSIFICATION 10-3-86

Classified by 609
Exempt from GDS, Category 2
Date of Declassification Indefinite 10-3-77

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 100-446080

Baumgardner to Sullivan Memorandum
Re: MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.
STOKELY CARMICHAEL
100-106670

b(2) b(1) CONFIDENTIAL

On 10/1/66, confidential source [redacted] advised that Levison and Clarence Jones, reportedly in the mid-50's was a leader of the Labor Youth League, an organization designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450, were in conference on that date. Levison stated that King is depressed about current events and that upon Levison's suggestion, King is planning a three-day conference with the "Research Committee" of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference in New York or Chicago the week of 10/10/66.

Jones was highly critical of Stokely Carmichael, commenting that there is too much toleration of him and that Lester Maddox would never have been nominated in Georgia if "that idiot Stokely" had not started a riot in Atlanta.

Levison stated that the Southern Christian Leadership Conference is low on funds with no immediate money forthcoming; therefore, there is a need to get busy with benefits and freedom rallies.

It should be noted that the information concerning the President's conference with King wherein the President "discreetly" requested King to obtain commitments from all civil rights groups to abstain from violence and demonstrations until after the November elections is not being disseminated to the Attorney General. The remainder of the information furnished the White House is set forth in a separate communication to the Attorney General which is attached.

RECOMMENDATION:

That the attached communications be forwarded by routing slips to the Honorable Marvin Watson, Special Assistant to the President, and to the Attorney General.

Encl

CONFIDENTIAL

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
OCT 1 4 1966
TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Wick
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Felt
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr Trotter
Tele. Room
Mr. Holmes
Miss Gandy

FBI WASH DC

FBI DETROIT

1112AM URGENT 10/14/66 MAJ

TO DIRECTOR (100-106670)

ATLANTA (100-5586)

FROM DETROIT (100-31418) 1P

MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR., SM - C. OO: ATLANTA

RELIABLE SOURCES DETROIT ADVISE INSTANT DATE MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR., SCHEDULED TO APPEAR AT BETHEL BAPTIST CHURCH, LINWOOD AND W. PHILADELPHIA, DETROIT ON OCT. SIXTEEN, NEXT AT THREE PM.

LOCAL AUTHORITIES ADVISED.

LHM TO FOLLOW REPORTING ON KING'S APPEARANCE.

END

OTHER OFFICE ADVISED SEPARATELY.

REC 20 100-106670-2738

RCS

EX-114

3 OCT 17 1966

FBI WASH DC

P

77 OCT 20 1966

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 1-17-81 BY SP4JRmld
6076

DIRECTOR, FBI (62-111166)

10/17/66

SAC, NEW YORK (157-1723)

CONFERENCE ON BLACK POWER
10/15-16/66, Washington, D.C.
RM
(OO: WFO)

[redacted] contact with whom has been insufficient to establish his reliability, advised [redacted]

b(2) b7(D)

[redacted] stated that the conference scheduled in Washington, D.C., for Saturday (10/15/66) had been postponed by POWELL since there was some controversy over whether STOKELY CARMICHAEL, Chairman of the Student Non-Violent Coordinating Committee (SNCC) should appear at this conference. [redacted] further related he had heard on the radio that MARTIN LUTHER KING, ROY WILKINS and WHITNEY YOUNG were going to issue a joint proclamation against CARMICHAEL.

NYO will submit no LHM containing the above information since information has been previously developed that captioned conference has been postponed until late November, 1966.

100-106670

NOT RECORDED
183 OCT 14 1966

2-Bureau (62-111166) (RM)
2-WFO (157-1074) (RM)
1-NY (100-153751) (STOKELY CARMICHAEL) (43)
[redacted]
1-NY (157-1723)
JDB:mv
(7)

b(2) b7(D)

56 OCT 26 1966

1-17 SPECIAL 6076

ORIGINAL

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-64)

CONFIDENTIAL

FBI

Date: 10/12/66

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL REGISTERED
(Priority)

CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY SP4 JR/LM/LKW
REASON FOR EXTENSION FCIM, II, 1-2.4.2
DATE OF REVIEW FOR DECLASSIFICATION 10-12-86
b07b

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, NORFOLK (157-NEW)(P)

SUBJECT: SCHEDULED APPEARANCE OF
DOCTOR MARTIN LUTHER KING
SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP
CONFERENCE (SCLC)
NORFOLK, VIRGINIA
10/30/66
RM

Enclosed for the Bureau are 11 copies of a LHM suitable for dissemination; and for Atlanta is one copy of this LHM as SCLC is headquartered in that city.

Copies of this LHM disseminated locally to military intelligence and Secret Service, and USA.

[redacted] b(1)

Norfolk will continue to follow instant matter to establish sources and will advise Bureau of pertinent developments.

ENCLOSURE

3- Bureau (Enc.- 11)(RM)
1- Atlanta (Info)(157-825)(RM)(Enc.- 1)
5- Norfolk (2- 157-NEW)
(1- 62-502, RM, NF)
(1- 157-147, SCLC)
[redacted] b1

REC 54 100-106670-2737

60 OCT 13 1966

CC [redacted]kfk
(9)

AGENCY: ACSI, ONI, OSI, SEC. ARMY, CID, RAD
DATE: 10/14/66
RS
ICC ATTLANTA 922940

CONFIDENTIAL

SUBV CONTROL

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

70 OCT 17 1966

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FILED OFFICES ADVISED BY ___ SLIP(S) OF ___
DATE 3-31-86

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Norfolk, Virginia

October 12, 1966

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 1-17-81 BY SP4 [illegible] 6074

SCHEDULED APPEARANCE OF
DR. MARTIN LUTHER KING
SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC)
NORFOLK, VIRGINIA
OCTOBER 30, 1966

On October 10, 1966, a source who has furnished reliable information in the past stated that Dr. Martin Luther King, President, Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC), Atlanta, Georgia, will be in Norfolk, Virginia, on Sunday, October 30, 1966, in connection with the installation of the Reverend Milton A. Reid as minister of the New Calvary Baptist Church, 800 Virginia Beach Boulevard, Norfolk, Virginia.

The source further advised that Reid is Regional Director, SCLC, and has been closely associated with King in civil rights demonstrations at Petersburg and Danville, Virginia, organized and directed by SCLC.

The source stated that King is scheduled to speak from the pulpit of the New Calvary Baptist Church at the 11:00 a.m. and 3:00 p.m. services on October 30, 1966, and overflow crowds from all of Tidewater, Virginia, are expected.

The source stated that no outdoor rallies or demonstrations are planned in connection with King's appearance and believes that his coming to Norfolk is due to the close friendship between King and Reid.

[redacted] b7(D)

was advised as to the above information and stated that he will make the necessary arrangements to assure that Dr. King's appearance in Norfolk is afforded appropriate coverage.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

1*
ENCLOSURE

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA FPMR (41 CFR) 101-11.6

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-106670) DATE: 10/10/66

FROM : SAC, CINCINNATI (100-14700) (RUC)

SUBJECT: MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.
SM - C
(OO: ATLANTA)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 1-17-81 BY SP4JRMIC 6076

ReBulet to Cincinnati, 9/23/66.

Enclosed for Atlanta is one (1) copy of Charlotte LHM dated 9/29/66, concerning the Civilian Resistance Command (CI-R-CON), Marietta, Ohio.

For information of the Bureau, instructions set forth in Bureau letter dated 4/19/65, pertaining to threats made against MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR., have been complied with and the Bureau and Atlanta will be advised of any additional information developed concerning KING's visit to Marietta, Ohio, 11/2/66.

Close liaison is being maintained with the Marietta, Ohio, PD, and the Marietta PD is taking every precaution to protect KING when he visits Marietta, Ohio.

EXT. PROC.

2 - Bureau (RM)
2 - Atlanta (100-5586) (Enc. 1) (RM)
1 - Cincinnati

REC 36 100-106670-2736

MOE:jkh
(5)

1 CC 924 9467D

4 OCT 13 1966

INDEXED

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

October 11, 1966

REC-47 100-106670-2735

EX-108

[redacted]

Bay Head, New Jersey 08742

b7(c)

Dear [redacted]

1-17-81 SPYJRMLK 6076

Your letter of October 6th has been received.

In response to your inquiry, information contained in the files of the FBI must be maintained as confidential in accordance with regulations of the Department of Justice. I am sure you will understand the reason for this policy.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

b7(c)

NOTE: [redacted] is not identifiable in Bufiles. Martin Luther King is well known to the Bureau.

BGH:jah (3)

Tolson
DeLoach
Mohr
Wick
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
Felt
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

TRUE COPY

[redacted]
Bay Head, New Jersey b7(c)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 1-17-81 BY SP4 JMM

To the personal attention of Mr. Hoover
if possible. b7(c) Oct. 6, 196

Dear Mr. Hoover: -

I have written to the Hous Un American Committee, only to be told they are not staffed nor do they have the time to research to reply to my request for documented information on M. L. Kings criminal or communist or subversive back ground.

I am concerened as you are about the trend in this country to sweep the signs of Commusim gaining strength, under the rug. When I, for instance, talk about Kings doings and say he is not what he seems or says he is, those to whom I speak say in effect 'I dont believe you, he might be over zealous but not a liar or a commie. Prove it before I will believe.' At that point I fold. I have no documented proof. Could you help me here and could you arm me with other helpful information that would give one lone woman ammunition to try to wake up her friends ed community

Sincirely
[redacted]
b7(c)

MCT-20 - 1066702735
REC-47

3 OCT 12 1966

EX-108

ITC 10-10-66

ack 10-11-66

File 11

b7(c)

[redacted]

BAY HEAD, NEW JERSEY

To the personal attention of Mr. Hoover if possible.

Oct. 6, 196

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 1-12-81 BY SP4 JMIR

b7b

Dear Mr. Hoover! —

I have written to the House Un American Committee, only to be told they are not staffed nor do they have the time to research to reply to my request for documented informa on M. L. Kings criminal or communist or subversive background.

I am concerned as you are about the trend in this country to sweep the signs of Communism gaining strength, under the rug. When I, for instance, talk abo Kings doings and say he is not what he seems or say he is, those to whom I speak say in effect 'I don't bele you, he might be over zealous but not a liar or a comm Prove it before I will believe'. At that point I fold. I have no documented proof. Could you help me here and could you arm me with other helpful information that would give one lone woman ammunition to try to wok up her friends and community

Sincerely

ack 10-11-66 BGM

ITC 10-10-66 ah

[redacted]

b7(c)

CORRESPONDENC

FD-36 (Rev. 8-22-64)

F B I

Date: 10/7/66

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority)

TO DIRECTOR, FBI (100-106670)

FROM SAC, NEWARK (100-47520) -RUC-

SUBJ MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.
SM - C
OO:ATLANTA

Re Newark airtel to Bureau, 9/15/66.

Enclosed herewith are copies of LHM as follows:

Bureau - 8
Atlanta - 2
Chicago - 1 (for information in view of KING's activity in Chicago)

Copies of LHM are also being furnished to 108th INTC, Newark, USA, Newark, and Secret Service, Newark.

ENCLOSURE

3-Bureau (Enc. 8) (RM)
2-Atlanta (100-5586) (Enc. 2)
1-Chicago (Info) (Enc. 1)
1-Newark

JAM:lab
(7)

UNCLASSIFIED
5130 RCB/EAM 11-16-79

EX-114

AGENCY: REC- 69
DATE: 10/12/66
HOW FORM:
BY:

100-106670-2734

4 OCT 11 1966

C. C. WICK

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

OCT 7 1966

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
Newark, New Jersey

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

October 6, 1966

MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.

On October 6, 1966, [redacted] advised Special Agent [redacted], of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI), that Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. addressed the student body in the gymnasium on October 6, 1966. Dr. King was the first of six speakers to be presented throughout the year by the student union of the college. b7(c) b7(D)

Dr. King arrived at Monmouth College by airplane and entered the campus at approximately 11:00 a.m. He spoke until approximately 12:15 p.m., when he immediately left by airplane for the Chicago, Illinois, area.

[redacted] said there was no picketing, demonstrations, or disturbances of any sort while Dr. King was at the college. There were approximately 3,000 students and faculty at the affair. b7(c)

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

UNCLASSIFIED
5180 Reb 1 Lbm 11-15-79

ENCLOSURE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
OCT 10 1966
TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Wick
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Felt
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

FBI WASH DC

FBI PHILA

454 PM EDST URGENT 10/10/66 MCB

TO DIRECTOR (100-106670), ATLANTA (100-5586), NEW YORK

FROM PHILADELPHIA (100-46230) 1P

5-Bigelow
DBrulls

MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR., SM - C

RE MY AIRTEL OCT. SEVEN LAST.

[redacted] PHILA. PD, ADVISED COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE RECEIVED TERSE ANONYMOUS PHONE CALL THREATENING LIFE OF KING. MATTER OF PRACTICE PD FOLLOWS KING'S ACTIVITIES CLOSELY. LT. AND FIVE MEN ACCOMPANYING KING AT PRESENT TIME AND ARE AWARE OF THREAT. PD TAKING NECESSARY PRECAUTIONS. KING EXPECTED TO DEPART PHILA. BETWEEN FIVE AND FIVE THIRTY PM THIS DATE ENROUTE NEW YORK. KING AND AIDES NOT COGNIZANT OF THREAT.

b7(c)

ATLANTA AND NEW YORK ADVISE LOCAL AUTHORITIES. LHM FOLLOWS.

END

RAM

FBI WASH DC

REC-43 100-106670-2733
EX-114

11 OCT 12 1966

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 1-17-81 BY SP4JRM/LL
6076

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-64)

FBI

Date: 10/5/66

Transmit the following in PLAIN TEXT
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, BOSTON (100-35704)

SUBJECT: REV. MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.
IS-C
OO: ATLANTA

For info of Bureau and Atlanta, KING is scheduled to lecture at University of R.I., Kingston, R.I., on evening of 10/5/66. He is one of a series of guestspeakers appearing before the student body during current academic year.

Boston will advise of results.

3 - Bureau (RM)
2 - Atlanta (RM)
1 - Boston
JPF/cam
(6)

DATE 1-17-81 BY SP4JRMIU 6076

REC 26

100-106670-27

14 OCT 7 1966

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-106670) DATE: 10/5/66

FROM : SAC, ATLANTA (100-5586)(P)

SUBJECT: MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.
SECURITY MATTER - C

Rebulet to Atlanta, 11/19/65, and Atlanta letter to Bureau, 12/13/65.

Reference also made to report of SA [redacted] Louisville, 9/22/66, and report of SA [redacted], Atlanta, 10/5/66, captioned [redacted]
FUGITIVE: [redacted]
FUGITIVES: [redacted]
CGR - ASSAULT - EXTORTION; JDA, OO: Louisville, BUFILE [redacted]

b7(C)

[redacted] arrested by Buagents at Atlanta, Ga., [redacted] Incidental to the CGR matter, [redacted] was questioned as to his relatives and background. During the course of this line of questioning, [redacted] stated that he is in no way related to Rev. MARTIN LUTHER KING, or Rev. KING's father.

DECL 1-17-81 BY SPWalman
6076

3 - Bureau
2 - Atlanta
(1 - 100-5586)
[redacted]
b7(D)

REC-21

100-106670-2731

JBH/[redacted]
( )

14 OCT 20 1966

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

1 - Mr. DeLoach
1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mr. Baumgardner
1 - Mr. Basher
1 - Mr. D.M. Wells

~~SECRET~~

October 4, 1966

MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.
STOKELY CARMICHAEL

The following information has been supplied by confidential sources of this Bureau who have furnished reliable information in the past.

[redacted]

b7(D)

King on September 29, 1966, was in contact with one of his principal advisers, Stanley Levison, a long-time communist whose membership in the Communist Party, USA, has been established as of July, 1963. Levison told King that Dr. Kenneth Clark, Professor, City College of New York, New York City, and associated with Harlem Youth Opportunities Unlimited, a New York City arm of the Federal poverty program, wants to talk to King in the near future about a meeting he had with Stokely Carmichael. King indicated he would get in touch with Clark.

King mentioned he got "sick" last night when Lester Maddox was chosen as the Democratic nominee for Governor of Georgia, and he mentioned that he can see this sickness developing in the whole Nation. King commented he can see a tragic development taking place and that "black

100-106670
DMW:deh/dmk (8)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~GROUP 1~~
~~Excluded from automatic downgrading and declassification~~

1 - Bufile 100-446080 (STOKELY CARMICHAEL)
SEE NOTE PAGE THREE

Classified by 6080 Sub 17
Exempt from GDS Category 2
Date of Declassification Indefinite 11/14/77

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

Tolson
DeLoach
Mohr
Wick
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
Felt
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

MAILED 4
OCT 4 - 1966
COMM-FBI

REC-101 100-106670-2730

OCT 5 1966

OCT 4 3 13 PM
RECD-READING ROOM
F B I

DECLASSIFIED BY 6076 SJ2 JRM/LC ON 1-12-81

DECLASSIFICATION EXTENDED BY SP/JRM/LC DATE OF REVIEW FOR 10 YRS

power" is at its most powerless point right now. King stated he wants to have a two-or three-day meeting to decide what to do about it. King made the observation that the Southern Christian Leadership Conference staff is in a state of confusion.

King said Whitney Young, Executive Director of the Urban League, called him and said that he was upset about the Nation as a whole and with the white America which sends them to war against poverty and does not give them the instruments. According to King, Young believes something must be done to shock white America and that Young was so depressed he was thinking about resigning. King commented that he was thinking about doing the same thing. Levison made the observation that resigning would not be shocking enough to white America.

Levison said the odds concerning the Police Review Board in New York are very much against its being approved. He said the key vote will be the Jewish vote and he suggested King talk with rabbis about the Review Board and the "backlash."

Levison said that "they" are going to get Senators Jacob K. Javits and/or Robert F. Kennedy to talk with the rabbis to strengthen their stand on the Review Board.

King said he would be in New York on Wednesday, October 5, 1966, but merely to change planes to go to Rhode Island, and that he has to be back in Atlanta on Thursday.

[redacted] b(1)

Levison advised that King has been very depressed lately over current events, and King told him that he has been talking and making speeches but he really does not know

what he is saying. Levison suggested a conference with King, and King is contemplating a three-day conference with the "Research Committee" of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference the week of October 10, 1966, in New York or Chicago. Jones agreed as to the need for such a conference and commented that there is no person in the civil rights movement who has ideologically "taken on" Stokely Carmichael. Jones stated that Carmichael is reaping political havoc and must be "isolated like a black Trotskyite." Carmichael is absolutely insane and there is too much toleration of him according to Jones. Levison and Jones agreed that the nomination of Lester Maddox in Georgia would not have happened if "that idiot Stokely" had not started a riot in Atlanta. They both agreed that "Stokely must be politically isolated."

Levison informed Jones that when he was in Chicago he met Gould Maynard, who is employed by Radio Free Europe, and that when Levison told Maynard "I always had the feeling that Radio Free Europe is a fake," Maynard replied "Off the record, I agree with you." Maynard then went on to illustrate to Levison how they do not tell the truth on Radio Free Europe.

In commenting on Southern Christian Leadership Conference funds, Levison advised that this organization is running short of money and "we should get busy with benefits and freedom rallies." Levison further advised that he told King that Southern Christian Leadership Conference could not expect any funds from mail solicitations until next February. Jones and Levison then discussed the fact that Dr. Kenneth Clark is getting funds from the Ford Foundation and that Southern Christian Leadership Conference should also endeavor to get funds from this source.

ORIGINAL IS BEING DISSEMINATED TO THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

NOTE:

Classified "Confidential" inasmuch as the sources for the above information are highly sensitive sources in the racial field.

See memorandum Baumgardner to Sullivan, dated 10/3/66, captioned as above, prepared by DMW:deb.

FD-350 (Rev. 7-18-63)

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Dr. King and the Firemen

DR. MARTIN Luther King Jr.'s entry into the Atlanta firemen's strike is ill-considered, damaging and unworthy.

This strike has been a taxing one and, in its earlier stage, a perilous one for the whole city. It is a problem in which the issues are not simple. Dr. King vastly oversimplifies them and does an injustice to Mayor Ivan Allen and others in the city government when he attempts to reduce the whole thing to a matter of simple unfairness to the strikers.

The city has been underpaying its firemen, and many others in city service, for a long time. It should have responded better, some time ago, to their needs. Since the strike began, it has moved for a substantial increase in pay, with more committed as soon as funds are available. The city has completely accepted the findings of a mediator. And the mayor himself has taken a leading role in seeking stronger financing of city government so that city employes may be properly provided for in the future.

Those are the basic facts about the firemen's pay and the financing of it.

There are other facts of paramount importance in this strike, and it appears that Dr. King has ignored them. The first of these is that Atlanta firemen, like those elsewhere, take an oath not to strike. The reasons are obvious. The public safety is at stake.

The second paramount fact is that Atlanta firemen had a recognized union, part of the International Association of Fire Fighters, AFL-CIO, which was the proper bargaining agent. But the firemen who went on strike had abandoned it for a maverick union that has no recognition, one that apparently was formed under the mischievous influence of the Teamsters Union (not a part of the AFL-CIO).

The union that went on strike has no credentials for collective bargaining for the firemen. The strike has been condemned by the AFL-CIO's top leadership, and the international president of the AFL-CIO firemen's union now has protested Dr. King's support of the local maverick union.

Meanwhile, real progress has been made toward better reimbursing firemen and toward manning all stations with men who will not in the future endanger lives and property in violation of their oaths.

Dr. King has entered into this unhappy business with, apparently, no real understanding of all this. Mayor Allen said, after conferring with him, that no concessions had been made but he thought Dr. King had emerged with "better understanding of the facts."

We certainly hope that is true. It was an ill-considered intrusion and it should proceed no further.

Mr. Tolson
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Wick
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Felt
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

Page 26
The Atlanta Journal
Atlanta, Ga.

Date: 10-7-66
Edition: Final
Author: Editorial
Editor: Jack Spalding
Title: MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.
Character: SM-C
or
Classification:
Submitting Office: ATLANTA
☒ Being Investigated

BUfile 100-106670

ALL INFORMATION HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 1-17-81 BY SP4 JRM/M 6026

100-106670-A
NOT RECORDED
46 OCT 19 1966

OCT 20 1966

file 5 Drew

THE VOLUNTEER

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 1-12-81 BY SP4 JRmid
6074

4-750 (2-7-79)

XXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXX

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

4 Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

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☐ Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.

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☐ For your information: _____

☑ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:
NOT REC 10/7/66 Atlanta with f.l.r.m.

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X DELETED PAGE(S) X
X NO DUPLICATION FEE X
X FOR THIS PAGE X
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

XXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXX

FBI/DOJ

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-64)

FBI

Date: 10/7/66

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 1-12-81 BY SP4 JRM/LW 6076

TO: Director, FBI (100-106670)

FROM: SAC, Philadelphia (100-46230)

SUBJECT: MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.
SM - C

Re Philadelphia airtel to Bureau dated 9/29/66.

On 10/7/66 [redacted] advised MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR., accompanied by Reverend RALPH ABERNATHY, Vice-President, Southern Christian Leadership Conference, and BERNARD LEE, Aide, are scheduled to arrive in Philadelphia sometime Sunday afternoon, 10/9/66. Present plans are to have a press conference at an undetermined time shortly after their arrival in Philadelphia. KING, ABERNATHY and LEE will then attend a mass rally with JAMES MEREDITH at the Arena, 46th and Market Streets, Philadelphia, Pa.

On Monday, 10/10/66, at 10:45 a.m. KING is scheduled for a private meeting with THATCHER LONGSTRETH, President, Philadelphia Chamber of Commerce, and five other industrialists. At 11:30 a.m. KING is scheduled to attend a luncheon of the Chamber of Commerce which meeting has been arranged by Reverend WILLIAM L. BENTLEY. At 1 p.m. KING, MEREDITH and BENTLEY are

(3) - Bureau (100-106670) (RM)
2 - Atlanta (100-5586) (RM)
1 - Philadelphia (100-46230)

REC-28 100-106670-2729

CJW:EKM
(6)

EX 106

10 OCT 12 1966

INT. SEC.

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

scheduled to dedicate several homes in the 1800 block of Lambert Street. At 2 p.m. KING and MEREDITH will join BENTLEY at a special program at the Emmanuel Institutional Baptist Church, 22nd Street and Columbia Avenue.

Atlanta is requested to advise Philadelphia of KING's itinerary upon leaving Philadelphia.

4-750 (2-7-79)

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
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☐ For your information: _____

☑ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:
100 - 106670 - 2728

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X DELETED PAGE(S) X
X NO DUPLICATION FEE X
X FOR THIS PAGE X
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

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FBI/DOJ

FD-350 (Rev. 7-18-63)

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

SCLC Renews Vow To Aid Firemen

By TOM GREENE

Representatives of striking Atlanta firemen plan to meet later this week with members of Dr. Martin Luther King's Southern Christian Leadership Conference to discuss what support the rights group can lend the firemen.

Former fire Capt. James L. Martin, leader of the Atlanta Firefighters Union Independent which went on strike last Sept. 3 after failure to reach an agreement on wages and hours with the city, said the meeting tentatively was arranged Monday night after Rev. Andrew Young, a top aide to Dr. King, spoke to the firemen.

Rev. Young assured the firemen, who were fired by the city Sept. 5 after refusal to return to work, that SCLC stood behind them "and would support us in our endeavor in any way they could," Capt. Martin said.

DR. KING last week wired Capt. Martin his support of the striking firemen and told him "you may count on me for any help which my schedule permits."

Capt. Martin said he does not know if Dr. King will be at the meeting this week, nor what specifically will be discussed.

He said Rev. Young offered to set up the later meeting "to discuss the situation to see if there is any area in which they could assist us specifically."

One way in which SCLC may be asked to help, he said, is to assist the firemen in getting enough names on a petition to put the strike question before the people of Atlanta in the form of a referendum.

THE FIREMEN are circulating petitions to call for the referendum and Capt. Martin said they had about 24,000 signatures as of Monday night, "the minimum amount" they wanted to get. He said they will continue to circulate the petition in an attempt to get several thousand more names before the petition is presented to the city clerk, hopefully in about a week or 10 days.

The city fired some 470 of the striking firemen after they refused to return to work last month. Some of the strikers did go back on the job, and the city has hired some others. As of Monday, some 440 firemen were on duty (as opposed to an original 726) and all but one station manned due to the fact that some firemen are working a 100-hour week. Station No. 2 on Lakewood Avenue is the only unmanned station, officials said.

City officials said the city had about 70 Negro firemen on duty before the strike, and most of them participated in the walkout and subsequently were fired.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 1-17-81 BY SP4 [illegible]

6076

CLN 100-106670-P

NOT RECORDED

46 OCT 18 1966

55 OCT 20 1966

Mr. Tolson
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Wick
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Felt
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

Page 7
The Atlanta Journal
Atlanta, Ga.

Date: 10-4-66
Edition: Final
Author: Tom Greene
Editor: Jack Spalding
Title: MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.
Character: SM-C
or
Classification:
Submitting Office: ATLANTA
☒ Being Investigated

BUfile 100-106670

file 55-[illegible]

F B I

Date: OCT 4 1966

Transmit the following in CONFIDENTIAL SECRET
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL
(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-438794)

FROM : SAC, NEW YORK (100-149194)

SUBJECT: COMINFIL SCLC
IS-C
(OO: Atlanta)

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED IN ROUTING SLIP(S) OF Classification DATE 11/30/77 255

Re NY teletypes, 9/30 and 10/1/66, captioned, "CIRM".

Enclosed are ten copies of a letterhead memorandum reporting the information contained in captioned communications. [redacted], a source close to STANLEY LEVISON and [redacted] a source close to CLARENCE JONES, furnished the information contained in the communications. Two copies are furnished Atlanta since that office is origin in COMINFIL SCLC and KING cases. Chicago is furnished a copy for its assistance. b(2) b(7)(D)

[redacted] b(1)

ORIGINAL FILED IN

4-Bureau (100-438794) (Encl. 10) (RM) 100-106670-
(1-~~100-6670~~) (MARTIN LUTHER KING)
2-Atlanta (100-5718) (Encl. 2) (RM)
(1-100-5586) (MARTIN LUTHER KING)
1-Chicago (100-) (COMINFIL SCLC) (RM)
1-NY (100-73250) (CLARENCE JONES) (42)
1-NY (100-111180) (STANLEY LEVISON) (42)
1-NY (100-136585) (MARTIN LUTHER KING) (42)
1-NY (100-153735) (CIRM) (42)
1-NY (100-149194) (41)
JMK:rmv
(13)

NOT RECORDED
183 OCT 10 1966

CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY 5PA JRM/ll
REASON FOR EXTENSION 2
FCIM, II, 1-2.4.2
DATE OF REVIEW FOR DECLASSIFICATION 10-4-86
54688 80514

CARBON COPY
73178

ENCLOSURE

55 OCT 12 1966
337

CONFIDENTIAL

Classified by 4080 Pel/RAP
Exempt from GDS, Category 2
Date of Declassification Indefinite
11/16/77

SECRET

4-750 (2-7-79)

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NOT REC. 10/4/66 N.Y. airtel & LHM pg. 2

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X FOR THIS PAGE X
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FBI/DOJ

SECRET

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer File No. Bu 100-438794

New York, New York
October 4, 1966

10 16 80
CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY SPJ/RMJ
REASON FOR EXTENSION 2
FCIM, II, 1-2.4.2
DATE OF REVIEW FOR DECLASSIFICATION 10-4-86
73518 54688 80514

Re: Communist Infiltration of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC)
Internal Security - C

On September 29, 1966, a confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised that Martin Luther King (President of the SCLC) and Stanley Levison were in contact on that date. According to the source, their contact concerned the following:

Levison said Dr. Kenneth Clark (a Professor at City College of New York City) wanted to talk to King in the near future about a meeting he had recently with Stokely Carmichael (Chairman of the Student Non-Violent Coordinating Committee, SNCC). King said he would get in touch with Clark.

King mentioned that he got "sick" when Lester Maddox was chosen as the Democratic nominee for Governor of Georgia, and he added that he could see that sickness developing in the entire nation. He said he could see a tragic development taking place and that black power was at its most powerless point right now.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP(S) OF Classification
DATE 11/31/77

SECRET
~~Gr. I~~
~~Excluded from automatic downgrading and declassification~~

Classified by 20 Leo/TAP
Exempt from G.D.S. Category
Date of Declassification Indefinite

Re: Communist Infiltration of the
Southern Christian Leadership
Conference (SCLC)
Internal Security - C

King said in view of the black power issue, he wanted to have a two or three day meeting to decide what to do about it. He said he had observed that the SCLC staff was in a state of confusion over recent events.

King also mentioned that Whitney Young (Executive Director of the Urban League) had called him to relate that he was upset about the nation as a whole and with the "white America which sends them to war against poverty and does not give them the instruments." According to King, Young believes something must be done to shock "white America" and that he (Young) was so depressed he was thinking about resigning (from the Directorship of the Urban League). King said he was also thinking about doing the same. Levison commented that resigning would not be shocking enough to "white America."

In regard to the controversial Police Review Board in New York City, Levison opined that the odds were against the enactment of the necessary legislation for such a Board. He said the key vote would be the Jewish vote and in this regard, suggested that King talk with Rabbis about the Board and the "backlash."

King mentioned that he would be in New York City on Wednesday (October 5, 1966), but would only change planes to go on to Rhode Island. He said he would have to be back in Atlanta on Thursday (October 6, 1966).

The contact between the two men ended with Levison saying "they" were going to get Senator Javits and/or Senator Robert Kennedy to talk with the Rabbis about strengthening their stand on the Police Review Board.

Re: Communist Infiltration of the
Southern Christian Leadership
Conference (SCLC)
Internal Security - C

On October 1, 1966, a confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised that Clarence Jones and Stanley Levison were in contact on that date. Their conversation concerned the following:

Jones remarked that he was going to Chicago, Illinois, later during the day (October 1, 1966). He said he also learned that the benefit show which had been scheduled for the SCLC had been postponed due to the illness of Sammy Davis. Levison remarked he was glad it had been postponed since very little effort had been expended to make the show a success.

Levison mentioned that Martin Luther King was in Atlanta and was very upset and depressed over events in the country. Levison remarked that King had been talking and making speeches and did not know what he was saying, and as a result of King's depression, Levison said he suggested to King that he hold a three day conference with the Research Committee in New York or Chicago during the week of the tenth of this month. [redacted] King had agreed. This meeting, Levison said, would be followed by SCLC staff meetings.

Jones remarked that talks were needed very much; that he personally had some arguments with some close friends of his; that while he felt very strongly that white racism was fundamentally the problem in terms of coalition with white forces in America, there was no person in the civil rights movement who ideologically was taking issue with Stokely Carmichael. He said he thought Carmichael was reaping political havoc, that he must be isolated as though he were a "black Trotskyite". Carmichael, Jones said, is insane and that nobody was going after him with a hammer and tong and there was too much toleration of him. According to Jones, there comes a time in a political movement when you have to call a spade a spade, [redacted]

Re: Communist Infiltration of the
Southern Christian Leadership
Conference (SCLC)
Internal Security - C

and you have to fight for the supremacy of your theory; that if your theory is being attacked, you have to isolate those people who are trying to destroy it. Levison and Jones concurred that what happened in Georgia (the nomination of Lester Maddox to be the Democratic candidate for Governor) was incredible and did not have to happen if "that idiot Stokely" did not start a riot in Atlanta. They agreed that Carmichael must be politically isolated. If he is not, Jones said, he (Jones) could forsee no way of bringing about a successful alliance. Levison opined that Carmichael, by leading a small group into battle at the wrong time, did more damage to the civil rights movement than one who was a paid agent could do.

Levison disclosed to Jones that he went to Chicago, Illinois, earlier in the week and observed the SCLC active in trying to organize hospital workers and other service industries. In this regard, Levison said, the IUD (Phonetic) furnished them with ten full time organizers to organize these services.

Jones inquired of Levison who is running the SCLC at this time. Levison said Hosea (Hosea Williams) is in charge of "Southern direct action"; James Bevel, is director of "Northern direct action"; Dorothy Cotton is in charge of citizenship training, and Fred Bennett is in charge of public relations.

According to Levison, while he was in Chicago, he met Gould Maynard (Phonetic). Maynard, Levison said, is working for Radio Free Europe and when he (Levison) remarked "I always had the feeling that Radio Free Europe is a Fake", Maynard replied, 'off the record, I agree with you' and then illustrated how they don't tell the truth on Radio Free Europe.

Re: Communist Infiltration of the
Southern Christian Leadership
Conference (SCLC)
Internal Security - C

Andrew Young (Executive Director of the SCLC) Levison said, is now running the SCLC and in his own style while Hosea (Hosea Williams) and James Bevel are doing pretty much what they want to do.

Levison said King had told him that a desperate need exists for a director in Chicago and that George Wiley is a possibility (Wiley was formerly with the Congress of Racial Equality) for the task. Furthermore, King cited financial problems as another burden of the SCLC, and suggested "we" get busy with benefits and freedom rallies.

Jones told of Kenneth Clark's desire to see King when he returns to New York. Levison said he (Clark) had been working on two grants: one for the establishment of a place, under the guise of a fellowship, where civil rights leaders can go for rest, reflection and meetings. According to the source, Levison did not describe the other grant. Jones mentioned that Clark is getting funds from the Ford Foundation. He also mentioned that Doug Pruitt (phonetic) went to the Ford Foundation and is scheduled to become the special assistant to McGeorge Bundy (Director of the Ford Foundation). Pruitt, Jones added, wants to get in touch with most civil rights leaders to get their ideas on how the Ford Foundation can be most effective. Levison said Pruitt had mentioned to him that the Foundation has an interest in dealing with poverty in the ghetto. And as a consequence Levison remarked, the SCLC should develop some outlines and try for a response from the Foundation.

Clarence Jones

Clarence Jones is the General Counsel to the Gandhi Society for Human Rights, 15 East 40th Street, New York, New York.

Re: Communist Infiltration of the
Southern Christian Leadership
Conference (SCLC)
Internal Security - C

[redacted] b(1)

The Labor Youth League has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450. U

Stanley Levison

[redacted] b(1)

S

D-36 (Rev. 5-22-64)

FBI

Date: 10-4-66

ansmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

a AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (157-1261)

SUBJECT: DEMONSTRATIONS CHICAGO
FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM)
- SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP
CONFERENCE (SCLC),
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
RM

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 1-17-81 BY SP4 JRM/R
6071

Re Chicago teletypes 9/29 and 9/30/66.

Enclosed for the Bureau are 13 copies and for Atlanta 2 copies of a LHM concerning the captioned matter. A copy of this LHM is being provided the USA, Chicago.

Chicago is following and the Bureau and Atlanta will be appropriately advised of the developments.

ENCLOSURE

5 - Bureau (Encl. 13) (RM)
(1 - 100-106670) (MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.)
(1 - 100-438794) (Cominfil - SCLC)
2 - Atlanta (Encl. 2) (RM)
(1 - 100-5586) (MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.)
(1 - 100-5718) (Cominfil - SCLC)
4 - Chicago
(1 - 157-413)
(1 - 105-16238)
(1 - 100-35356)

100-106670-
NOT RECORDED
185 OCT 11 1966

CARBON COPY

JCS/laj
(11)

77 OCT 17 1966

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____

ORIGINAL FILED IN 157-1261

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

157-1261

Chicago, Illinois
October 4, 1966

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 1-17-81 BY SP4 [illegible]

6076

DEMONSTRATIONS CHICAGO
FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM)
- SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP
CONFERENCE (SCLC),
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
RACIAL MATTER

Reference is made to Chicago memorandum dated September 26, 1966.

[redacted] advised the Chicago Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) on September 29, 1966, that Dr. Martin Luther King arrived in Chicago, Illinois, at 11:05 A.M., this date, via flight 315, American Airlines from New York City, New York. [redacted] had no information concerning King's plans to depart Chicago. b7(D)

On September 29, 1966, articles in Chicago's press media reflected the arrival of Dr. King, identified as President, SCLC, in Chicago, and of his scheduled appearance on either Thursday or Friday before the convention of the Radio and Television News Directors Association, now meeting in Chicago. It was reported additionally that King was to meet on September 29, 1966, with the Urban Renewal Commissioner for the Chicago area at the Southtown YMCA, 6545 South Union Avenue, Chicago. The purpose of such a meeting was to allow King to make an official and formal protest of urban renewal plans involving the Englewood area on Chicago's south side where some 300 homes were to be demolished

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100-106670—
ENCLOSURE

in the near future to make way for an area shopping center. The area where the razing is to take place is reportedly 85 per cent Negro.

[redacted] advised the Chicago FBI Office at 10:15 A.M., September 30, 1966, that a CFM March was to have taken place this morning from the intersection of Millard and Douglas Boulevard, to a slum tenement building located at 1024 South Independence Boulevard, Chicago. According to [redacted] the march was to have commenced at 9:30 A.M. on this date and was to have been led by Dr. King.

As of 10:30 A.M., September 30, 1966, [redacted] b7D advised that as of this time only nine persons had gathered at Millard and Douglas Boulevard and Dr. King had not yet made an appearance. He advised that his information was that these individuals were awaiting the arrival of Dr. King before proceeding. [redacted] no problems from such a demonstration in the event it takes place.

At 12:30 P.M., September 30, 1966, [redacted] advised the Chicago FBI Office that no CFM March or demonstration had taken place during the morning hours of this date. [redacted] advised that Dr. King had appeared at the apartment building located at 1024 South Independence Boulevard and had discussed with the Negro residents their housing problems. No incidents, disturbances or arrests had resulted.

[redacted] advised that King was to appear in the early afternoon hours of this date as a speaker before the convention of the Radio-Television News Directors Association, then was to visit the Englewood area on Chicago's south side during the afternoon or evening hours of this date, this the area where an urban renewal program is an issue.

Re: DEMONSTRATIONS CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC), CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

b7(P)

[redacted] advised that on September 29, 1966, King had met with Mr. Louis Hill, Local Urban Renewal Commissioner, in an attempt to have Hill delay renewal plans for the central Englewood area until a civil rights suit protesting this renewal program can be decided in the courts.

At a subsequent press conference, King had stated that he had had no success in these efforts, that he had been advised the Urban Renewal Program would be continued, adding that the CFM may be forced to organize a Negro boycott of the shopping area around 63rd and Halsted as a result. King had called this project a "Negro Removal"Program in an additional effort to continue housing segregation in the greater Chicago area.

At this press conference, King had been questioned concerning the election of segregationalist Lester Maddox as the Democratic nominee for Governor of Georgia, and he described this election as indicative of a basic sickness in the State of Georgia. When questioned concerning a report of a rising white backlash to the civil rights movement, King stated that he preferred to call it a backward step on part of the white community, feeling that there could be no question that the fears and hatred of the white community at this time are very large. He had stated "I am afraid of what lies ahead of us, we could end up with a full scale race war in this country -- it is very frightening."

An article appeared in the "Chicago's Sun-Times" dated October 1, 1966, concerning the address of King made on September 30, 1966, before the Radio-Television News Directors Association meeting held in Chicago. King had stated that any supression of news is bad and described the right to be informed as part of the sacred heritage of our nation.

King had described civil rights as our most urgent domestic problem and stated that it was absolutely essential that the news media give full coverage to civil rights matters.

He said he was convinced that there would have been many more disburbances and disorders during the course of the recent open-housing marches in Chicago if television cameras had not been on the scene. He stated that nothing could be more tragic than a failure to cover something that the whole nation should see, because it is part of a struggle taking place in our land. King concluded that the civil rights movement, however, just now has descended into a valley and some days of depression are ahead. As long as there are "two Americas, one for the whites and one for the blacks, the fight must and will go on." He termed violence both impractical and immoral, and said he is more convinced than ever non-violent demonstrations are the most potent weapon available for the Negro.

Pertinent portions of the above information were furnished on September 29 and 30, 1966, to the following individuals:

[redacted]
Region 1, 113th INTC Group
Evanston, Illinois

b7(c)

[redacted]
Secret Service, Chicago, Illinois

Mr. J. J. McDonnell and Mr. L. E. Morrissey
Office of the United States Attorney
Chicago, Illinois.

A copy of this memorandum is being provided the Office of the United States Attorney, Chicago.

FD-35 (Rev. 5-22-64)

CONFIDENTIAL

CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY SP4 REASON FOR EXTENSION 2
FCIM, II, 1-2.4.2
DATE OF REVIEW FOR DECLASSIFICATION 9-29-86

FBI

Date: 9/29/66

Transmit the following in 6076
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-106670)

FROM: SAC, PHILADELPHIA (100-46230) (P)

SUBJECT: MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.
SM - C

Re my airtel dated 9/22/66.

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are the original and seven copies of a letterhead memo concerning KING's visit to Philadelphia. Copies are being furnished Atlanta, Newark, New York, and Washington Field for information.

The enclosed letterhead memo is classified confidential since the data reported from [redacted] if revealed, could reasonably result in the identification of confidential informants of continuing value and compromise the future effectiveness thereof.

b7(D)

[redacted]

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP(S) OF Class
DATE 3-31-87

REC-67 C 100-106670 2727

[redacted]

ENCLOSU[redacted] 106

20 OCT 1 1966

b(1)

SUBV CONTROL (INFO)

3 - Bureau (100-106670) (Enc.-8) (RM)
2 - Atlanta (100-5586) (Enc.-2) (RM)
1 - Newark (Info) (RM) (Enc.-1)
1 - New York (Info) (Enc.-1) (RM)
1 - Washington Field (Info) (Enc.-1) (RM)
2 - Philadelphia
1 - 100-46230
1 - 100-47672

55 OCT 12 1966

CONFIDENTIAL

D. C. Nick

Approved: Special Agent in Charge

Sent M Per

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

CONFIDENTIAL

In Reply Please Refer to File No.

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

September 29, 1966

CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY SP4J DMH
REASON FOR EXTENSION FCIM, II, 1-2.4.2
DATE OF REVIEW FOR DECLASSIFICATION 9-29-86
6076

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP(S) OF Classification DATE 11/29/77 RSS

MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.

Reference is made to previous communication captioned as above dated September 22, 1966.

On September 26, 1966, [redacted] advised JAMES MEREDITH arrived in Philadelphia at 9:48 a.m., on that date from Chicago, Ill., aboard United Air Lines Flight 158. Also, MARTIN LUTHER KING, President of Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC), accompanied by RALPH T. ABERNATHY, Vice President and Treasurer, and BERNARD LEE, Special Aid to the President, SCLC, arrived in Philadelphia as scheduled at 3:53 p.m., aboard National Air Lines Flight 215. KING, ABERNATHY, and LEE traveled to the residence of Rev. WILLIAM L. BENTLEY, 303 Pelham Road, Philadelphia, Pa. Later this group, accompanied by MEREDITH, traveled to the Emmanuel Institutional Baptist Church, 1730 North 22nd Street, Philadelphia, Pa., for a press conference. b7(D)

A review of the current telephone directory for Philadelphia reflects that Rev. WILLIAM L. BENTLEY resides at 303 Pelham Road, Philadelphia, and is pastor of the Emmanuel Institutional Baptist Church, 1730 North 22nd Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

[redacted] b(1)

CONFIDENTIAL

Classified by 6080 SP4J DMH
Exempt from GDS, Category 2
Date of Declassification Indefinite
11/16/77

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP(S) OF Class DATE 3-31-81 WG

160-10670-2727

ENCLOSURE

[redacted] b(1)

[redacted]

Rev. J. HENRY PATTEN, Secretary of the Civil Committee of the Baptist Ministers Conference in Philadelphia, had been in contact with the Civil Rights Congress in Philadelphia.

The Baptist Ministers Conference had become interested in those cases involving discrimination against Negroes and as Secretary PATTEN frequently represented the Conference in connection with these cases. Frequently, the Civil Rights Congress was interested in these cases, too, and requested the Baptist Ministers Conference to work with it.

The Civil Rights Congress (CRC) has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

In late 1951, Rev. PATTEN cooperated closely with JOHN HOLTON, Secretary of the CRC in Philadelphia, in connection with the case of Rev. STANLEY HATCH, a Baptist minister from Wildwood, N. J., who was arrested on a complaint from a female parishioner and charged with rape. The CRC agreed to support HATCH's case.

While arrangements were being made to employ a different attorney, JOHN HOLTON, Rev. HATCH, and Rev. WILLIAM L. BENTLEY, pastor of the Emmanuel Baptist Church, traveled to New York City to confer with WILLIAM L. PATTERSON, National Director of the CRC. The purpose of

this visit was to receive PATTERSON's approval for the CRC to assume financial responsibility for the HATCH case. As a result of this meeting, PATTERSON officially agreed that the CRC would wholeheartedly support the HATCH case.

[redacted] b(1)

On page 3 of the September 27, 1966, issue of "The Evening Bulletin," a Philadelphia newspaper, Philadelphia, Pa., appeared an article entitled, "'Black Power' Confusion Cuts Gifts KING Says." This article reflects that the Reverend Dr. MARTIN LUTHER KING stated on Monday, September 26, 1966, that confusion over the meaning of "Black Power" has been a factor in the decrease in contributions to the civil rights movement; however, at the "Freedom Show" held, his organization was presented a check for $10,000, which was presented to the Reverend RALPH D. ABERNATHY, Vice President and Treasurer of the SCLC. The $10,000 was part of the proceeds from the "Freedom Show" sponsored by GEORGIE WOODS, local disc jockey, at which more than 9,000 were in attendance. In accepting the check, Mr. ABERNATHY told the audience that "We're going back down South and continue our fight for freedom and equality, and we'll take nothing else."

Earlier at a press conference at the Emmanuel Institutional Baptist Church, 22nd Street and Columbia Avenue, Dr. KING scoffed at reports that concern over the "Black Power" term was responsible for defeat of the 1966 Civil Rights Bill. According to KING, Congress was not prepared to act in the first place. JAMES MEREDITH, who was seated beside KING for

the press conference, agreed with him on this evaluation. KING further stated the defeat of the Civil Rights Bill, primarily because of its open housing provisions, means the death of justice and democracy in America. As long as there is such a thing as closed housing markets in the cities the inner cities willconstantly face problems.

When asked if he plans to come into Philadelphia to push the open housing as he has done in Chicago, Dr. KING replied he had no present plans to come to Philadelphia, but his organization will be in Chicago for several months. KING also refused to make comment concerning STOKELY CARMICHAEL, head of the Student Nonviolent Coordinating Committee (SNCC), but he did say he would not accept black separateness or violence, both of which are advocated by CARMICHAEL.

[redacted] further advised that immediately after the "Freedom Show" JAMES MEREDITH drove to New York City while KING and his party returned to the Sheraton Hotel.. ABERNATHY departed Philadelphia early on Tuesday morning while KING and LEE departed Philadelphia by air for Washington, D.C., at about 1 p.m. b7(D)

On page 2 of the September 24, 1966, issue of "The Philadelphia Inquirer," a Philadelphia newspaper, appeared an article indicating that Dr. MARTIN LUTHER KING and JAMES MEREDITH would head the list of speakers at a giant civil rights rally in the Arena, 46th and Market Streets, Philadelphia, on October 9, 1966. This rally, which will begin at 7 p.m., is being sponsored by the Interfaith - Interracial Council of the Clergy, and was described by a leader of this group as the biggest, most fruitful rally ever held for the benefit of civil rights in Philadelphia. The proceeds from the rally will go toward the Meredith Mississippi March.

This article further reflects that the Interfaith - Interracial Council of the Clergy was founded following the North Philadelphia riots two years ago by the Rev. WILLIAM L. BENTLEY, pastor of the Emmanuel Institutional Baptist Church.

MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.

The organization is comprised of Clergy representing all races and religions in Philadelphia.

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FD-323 (Rev. 11-29-61)

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

September 29, 1966

Title MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.

Character

Reference Memorandum dated September 29, 1966, at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, captioned as above.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

FD-76 (Rev. 5-22-64)

FBI

Date: 10/4/66

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL _____ (Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-106670)

FROM: SAC, WFO (100-40164)(P)

SUBJECT: MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.
SM - C

ReBuairtel, 9/29/66, captioned as above.

At approximately 6:15 p.m., 9/27/66, information contained in SF teletype to the Bureau, 9/27/66, captioned "Unknown Subject - Threat Against Senator ROBERT F. KENNEDY and MARTIN LUTHER KING, September 26 Last, Miscellaneous Information Concerning," was furnished by WFO to United States Secret Service, U.S. Capitol Police and Metropolitan Police Department by [redacted]

b7(c)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 1-17-81 BY SP4 JRM 6076

OCT 7 1966

EX-114

3 - Bureau
1 - WFO

REC-44 100-106670-2726

GTT:sch
(4)

OCT 4 1966

AIRTEL

INT. SEC.

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

:50 (2-7-79)

XXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXX

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

3 Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

☑ Deleted under exemption(s) b(1) with no segregable material available for release to you.

☐ Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.

☐ Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.

☐ Document(s) originating with the following government agency(ies) _____ _____, was/were forwarded to them for direct response to you.

_____ Page(s) referred for consultation to the following government agency(ies); _____ _____ as the information originated with them. You will be advised of availability upon return of the material to the FBI.

_____ Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):

_____

_____

☐ For your information: _____

_____

☑ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:
100- 106670 2725

XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
X DELETED PAGE(S) X
X NO DUPLICATION FEE X
X FOR THIS PAGE X
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

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XXXXXX
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FBI/DOJ

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

1 - DeLoach
1 - Sullivan
1 - Baumgardner
1 - Basher
1 - DM Wells

DECLASSIFIED BY SP4 JRM/LW ON 1-11-81 6074

~~SECRET~~

October 4, 1966

CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY SP4 JRM/LW
REASON - E.O. EXEMPTION CATEGORY 2
FOR 25 YEARS
DATE OF REVIEW FOR DECLASSIFICATION 10-4-86
6074

MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.
STOKELY CARMICHAEL

The following information has been supplied by confidential sources of this Bureau who have furnished reliable information in the past.

On September 29, 1966, Hosea Williams, Director, Voter Registration, Southern Christian Leadership Conference, stated that President Johnson had "discreetly" requested Martin Luther King, Jr., President, Southern Christian Leadership Conference, to obtain commitments from all civil rights groups to abstain from violence and demonstrations until after the November, 1966, elections. Williams stated the President assured King that he would continue to press for civil rights reforms through legislation.

[redacted]

b7(D) 100-106670-21

King on September 29, 1966, was in contact with one of his principal advisors, Stanley Levison, a long-time communist whose membership in the Communist Party, USA, has been established as of July, 1963. Levison told King that Dr. Kenneth Clark, Professor, City College of New York, New York City, and associated with Harlem Youth Opportunities Unlimited, a New York City arm of the Federal poverty program, wants to talk to King in the near future about a meeting he had with Stokely Carmichael. King indicated he would get in touch with Clark.

Classified by b80 Lesl/MP
Exempt from GDS, Category 2
Date of Declassification Indefinite 1/14/77

REC-23

DMW:chs/pdb
100-106670
1 - 100-446080 (Carmichael)

OCT. 5 1966

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
~~GROUP 1~~
~~Excluded from automatic downgrading and declassification~~

SEE NOTE PAGE 4

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

~~SECRET~~

Delivered to Michael Stegal on 10-6-66

MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.
STOKELY CARMICHAEL

King mentioned he got "sick" last night when Lester Maddox was chosen as the Democratic nominee for Governor of Georgia, and he mentioned that he can see this sickness developing in the whole Nation. King commented he can see a tragic development taking place and that black power is at its most powerless point right now. King stated he wants to have a two- or three-day meeting to decide what to do about it. King made the observation that the Southern Christian Leadership Conference staff is in a state of confusion.

King said Whitney Young, Executive Director of the Urban League, called him and said that he was upset about the Nation as a whole and with the white America which sends them to war against poverty and does not give them the instruments. According to King, Young believes something must be done to shock white America and that Young was so depressed he was thinking about resigning. King commented that he was thinking about doing the same thing. Levison made the observation that resigning would not be shocking enough to white America.

Levison said the odds concerning the Police Review Board in New York are very much against its being approved. He said the key vote will be the Jewish vote and he suggested King talk with rabbis about the Review Board and the "backlash."

Levison said that "they" are going to get Senators Jacob K. Javits and/or Robert F. Kennedy to talk with the rabbis to strengthen their stand on the Review Board.

King said he would be in New York on Wednesday, October 5, 1966, but merely to change planes to go to Rhode Island, and that he has to be back in Atlanta on Thursday.

[redacted] b(1)

MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.
STOKELY CARMICHAEL

Levison advised that King has been very depressed lately over current events, and King told him that he has been talking and making speeches but he really does not know what he is saying. Levison suggested a conference with King, and King is contemplating a three-day conference with the "Research Committee" of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference the week of October 10, 1966, in New York or Chicago. Jones agreed as to the need for such a conference and commented that there is no person in the civil rights movement who has ideologically "taken on" Stokely Carmichael. Jones stated that Carmichael is reaping political havoc and must be "isolated like a black Trotskyite." Carmichael is absolutely insane and there is too much toleration of him according to Jones. Levison and Jones agreed that the nomination of Lester Maddox in Georgia would not have happened if "that idiot Stokely" had not started a riot in Atlanta. They both agreed that Stokely must be politically isolated.

Levison informed Jones that when he was in Chicago he met Gould Maynard, who is employed by Radio Free Europe, and that when Levison told Maynard "I always had the feeling that Radio Free Europe is a fake," Maynard replied "Off the record, I agree with you." Maynard then went on to illustrate to Levison how they do not tell the truth on Radio Free Europe.

In commenting on Southern Christian Leadership Conference funds, Levison advised that this organization is running short of money and "we should get busy with benefits and freedom rallies." Levison further advised that he told King that Southern Christian Leadership Conference could not expect any funds from mail solicitations until next February. Jones and Levison then discussed the fact that Dr. Kenneth Clark is getting funds from the Ford Foundation and that Southern Christian Leadership Conference should also endeavor to get funds from this source.

The information concerning the President's conference with King wherein the President "discreetly" requested King to obtain commitments from all civil rights groups to abstain from violence and demonstrations until after the November elections is not being disseminated to the Attorney General.

MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.
STOKELY CARMICHEL
ORIGINAL XXXXXXTO THE WHITE HOUSE

NOTE: Classified "Confidential" inasmuch as the sources for the above information are highly sensitive sources in the racial field.

See memorandum Baumgardner to Sullivan dated October 3, 1966, captioned as above, prepared by DMW:deh.

FD 365 (Rev. 5-14-64)

FBI

Date: 9/23/66

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

To: Director, FBI

Att.: ~~Civil Rights Section~~
~~Extremist Organization Section~~

From: SAC, JACKSON (157-6712) (C)

Subject: ALLEGED PLAN TO KILL MARTIN LUTHER KING, GRENADA, MISSISSIPPI

☐ BOMBING MATTERS - THREATS ☒ RACIAL MATTERS

100-106670

Re Jackson tel to Bureau dated 9/17/66.

Enclosed are ~~eight~~ 11 copies of a letterhead memorandum.

The SA mentioned in LHM is [redacted] b7(c)

One copy LHM furnished USA, Oxford, Miss., and Secret Service, Jackson. Two copies furnished INTC, Jackson.

Agency G-2, ONI, OSI, CRD, SS, IS, CD

Date Forw. SEP 30 1966

How Forw. R-S

By RACIAL UNIT

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 1-17-81 BY SP4 JRM/d

6076

ENCLOSURE

REC-14

100-106670-2727

1 SEP 29 1966

EX 106

(1) - Bureau (Enclosures 11)
1 - Jackson (157-6712)
HLF/clm
(2)

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Jackson, Mississippi

September 23, 1966

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

ALLEGED PLAN TO KILL
MARTIN LUTHER KING,
GRENADA, MISSISSIPPI
RACIAL MATTERS

[redacted] advised a Special Agent of the FBI on September 19, 1966, that he had recontacted an unidentified [redacted] who had previously furnished confidential information concerning an alleged plan to kill Reverend Martin Luther King.

b7(c)
b7(D)

[redacted] stated that he had encouraged [redacted] to furnish the information directly to the FBI and he also volunteered to accompany [redacted] to the FBI; however, [redacted] refused to disclose the information to anyone other than [redacted] in a strictly confidential [redacted] relationship which [redacted] stated he would not violate.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 1-12-81 BY SP4JRM/d
6076

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

ENCLOSURE

100-106670-2723

FBI

Date: 9/26/66

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-106670)

FROM: SAC, DALLAS (100-11108)(RUC)

SUBJECT: MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.
SM - C

OO: ATLANTA

Re Dallas airtel to Bureau, 9/15/66.

Transmitted herewith to the Bureau are eight copies of an LHM. Copies are being furnished to Atlanta, origin in the KING case; Richmond, origin in the case involving the ANP; the USA, Fort Worth, Texas; Secret Service, Dallas; INTC, Dallas; OSI, Tinker AFB, Oklahoma; and ONI, New Orleans, Louisiana.

The confidential source [redacted]

SA W. [redacted]

b7(c)
b7(D)

AGENCY: ACSI, ONI, OSI; SEC. SER.; [redacted]: ISD, CRD, RAO
DATE FORW: 10/3/66
HOW FORW: RS
BY: DMW/ca

REC-14 100-106670-2722

ICC ATY LHM 924 910

ENCLOSURE

EX 106

18 SEP 29 1966

3-Bureau (Enc. 8)(RM)
2-Atlanta (Enc. 2)(RM)
1-Richmond (Enc. 1)(RM)(Info)
6-Dallas [redacted]

b7(c)

WJW/llr
(12)

14

53 OCT 10 1966

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 1-12-81 BY SP4 J Rmlu

Approved: _____
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____
6076

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Dallas, Texas
September 26, 1966

RE: MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.

The following information supplements that contained in memorandum dated September 15, 1966, at Dallas, Texas:

A news item in "The Dallas Morning News" for September 26, 1966, disclosed that Dr. Martin Luther King had spoken before the international convention of Christian Churches (Disciples of Christ) at Dallas Memorial Auditorium on the night of September 25, 1966, after holding a press conference at Love Field, Dallas, upon his arrival in Dallas on the afternoon of the same day.

A confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised on September 26, 1966, that members of the Dallas Unit, American Nazi Party (ANP)(See appendix), picketed briefly in front of Dallas Memorial Auditorium on the night of September 25, 1966. Source identified them as Jerald T. Walraven, officer in charge of the Dallas Unit ANP; Alvis Neil Gray; Johnny Hillhouse; and Don Mock, the latter not known to be a member of the ANP as yet, but active to a limited extent in ANP affairs in recent weeks. Source stated all were taken by police to police headquarters and released. There was no violence, no other groups demonstrating, and no arrests were made.

Source stated Dr. King left Dallas at 7:00 AM, September 26, 1966.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 1-17-81 BY SP4J RMJ

6076

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

100-10070

ENCLOSURE

APPENDIX

1

AMERICAN NAZI PARTY
OF THE WORLD UNION OF FREE ENTERPRISE
NATIONAL SOCIALISTS, ALSO KNOWN AS
THE GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL PARTY

In his book "This Time The World," copyrighted in 1961, George Lincoln Rockwell identified himself as Commander, American Nazi Party of the World Union of Free Enterprise National Socialists (ANP - WUFENS), Arlington, Virginia.

The April 4, 1963, issue of "The Richmond News Leader," a Richmond, Virginia, daily newspaper, reported that George Lincoln Rockwell had, on the previous day, again applied for the American Nazi Party to be chartered in the State of Virginia, but this request was turned down by the Virginia State Corporation Commission. This action was taken pursuant to an act of the 1962 Virginia Assembly which prohibits use of "Nazi" or "National' Socialism" in a Virginia charter. This article further pointed out that Rockwell's Party is presently chartered in the State of Virginia as the George Lincoln Rockwell Party.

On August 4, 1964, a source advised that the ANP - WUFENS was organized by George Lincoln Rockwell as his residence in Arlington, Virginia, on February 26, 1959, as an international "National Socialist" movement based on the German Nazi Party headed by Adolf Hitler He added that Rockwell is the dominant force and personality in this party; that he is espousing a "line" of hatred against the Jews and Negroes; and that he is seeking, through speeches, distribution of literature and picketing, to establish a cohesive and dominant political party in the United States and in foreign countries.

According to the "Stormtrooper's Manual," an official publication of the ANP, the phases of ANP struggle for power are fourfold, namely, first "to make ourselves known to the masses;" second, "the dissemination of our program and truth about the Party;" third, "organizing the people who have been converted to our propaganda;" and fourth, "the attainment of power through the votes of the newly-won masses."

AMERICAN NAZI PARTY
OF THE WORLD UNION OF FREE ENTERPRISE
NATIONAL SOCIALISTS, ALSO KNOWN AS
THE GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL PARTY

On September 16, 1965, the source advised that George Lincoln Rockwell believes he has completed the first three phases in his struggle for power and is now into the fourth stage, to wit, the "attainment of power through the votes of the newly-won masses." The source stated Rockwell believes this because of his success in gaining a place on the ticket in the November, 1965, gobernatorial election in the State of Virginia.

APPENDIX

1

AMERICAN NAZI PARTY
DALLAS UNIT

On July 28, 1966, a source furnished the following information:

The Dallas Unit of the American Nazi Party (ANP) is a local chapter of the ANP, which has its national headquarters in Arlington, Virginia. Robert Alan Surrey, a Dallas printing salesman, is Southwestern Regional Coordinator, and Jerald Thomas Walraven is the "Lieutenant" in charge of the Dallas Unit, ANP.

As of July, 1966, the Dallas Unit consisted of an estimated 20 persons, of which about five persons were storm troopers. The Dallas Unit had no headquarters as of that time, but was using the mailing addresses P. O. Box 22071 and P. O. Box 3980, Dallas, Texas.

Activity consisted of meetings, held on a fairly regular monthly basis, of a social group and weekly meetings, held every Thursday night, of the storm trooper group. Demonstration activity was at a minimum because, according to statements made by Jerald Thomas Walraven, the Dallas ANP was so ill-prepared for such activity, being made up of such a small group of storm troopers, and the sloppy attitude of those storm troopers in the Dallas Unit.

D[illegible] T[illegible], [illegible] 9/30/6[illegible]

S[illegible], [illegible] (62-5301) (P)

UNKNOWN SUBJECT;
THREAT AGAINST SENATOR ROBERT F. KENNEDY
AND MARTIN LUTHER KING
9/26/66
MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION CONCERNING

Newyairtel dated 9/28/66, to Bureau.

Enclosed are copies of photograph given to informant by UNSUB.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 1-17-81 BY SP4 [illegible]

6076

3 - Bureau (Enc. 2)
1 - Washington Field (Enc. 1)
1 - Los Angeles (Encl)
1 - Chicago (Enc. 1)
1 - New York (Enc. 1)
1 - San Francisco
[illegible]
(8)

100-106670

NOT RECORDED
183 OCT 10 1966

1 ENCLOSURE

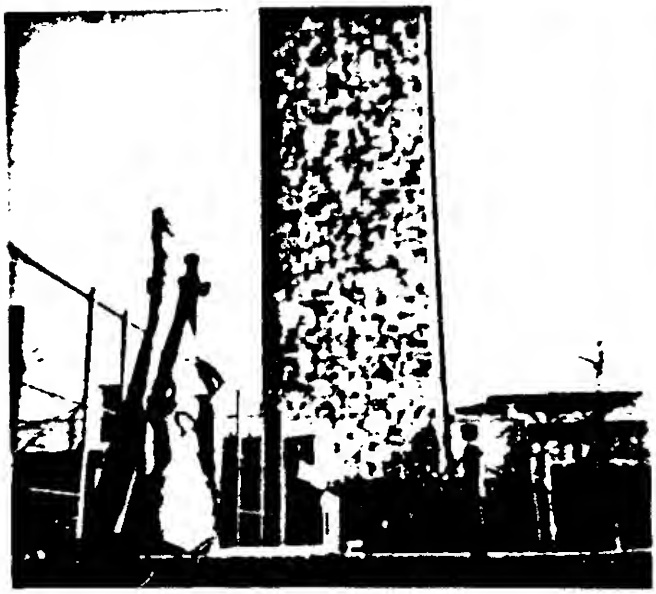
"ENCLOSURE ATTACHED"

61 OCT 13 1966

ORIGINAL FILED IN

SF - 62-5701 - 1A(1)

UNSUB: THREAT AGAINST SENATOR ROBERT F. KENNEDY AND MARTIN LUTHER KING, 9/26/66



FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-64)

FBI

Date: 9/30/66

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL
(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-106670)

FROM : SAC, ATLANTA (100-5586) (P)

SUBJECT MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.
SM - C

ReBulet to Atlanta 9/29/66.

Information contained in San Francisco teletype to Bureau 9/27/66, entitled "UNKNOWN SUBJECT - THREAT AGAINST SENATOR ROBERT F. KENNEDY AND MARTIN LUTHER KING, 9/26/66, MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION CONCERNING" was furnished upon receipt of that teletype to [redacted] Atlanta PD at 11:51 PM, 9/27/66, and to [redacted] Atlanta Police Department, at 9:00 A.M., 9/28/66. In each instance information was furnished telephonically.

b7(c)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 1-17-81 BY SP4 JRM/cl
6076

3 - Bureau (RM)

3 - Atlanta
(2 - 100-5586)
(1 - 157-400)

AGS:mel
(6)

REC 54 100-106670-2721

OCT 1 1966

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

6 1966

9/29/66

Airtel

1 - Mr. Wells

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 1-17-81 BY SP4JMM/a 6076

To: SACs, Atlanta
New York
San Francisco
Washington Field

From: Director, FBI (100-106670)

MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.
SECURITY MATTER - C

ReSFtel to Bureau dated 9/27/66 entitled "Unknown Subject - Threat Against Senator Robert F. Kennedy and Martin Luther King, 9/26/66, Miscellaneous Information Concerning." ReBulet to all offices 4/19/65 and Butelcalls to New York and Washington Field 9/27/66 and Butel to Atlanta, 9/27/66.

San Francisco should review and comply with instructions set forth in referenced Bureau letter pertaining to threats made against Martin Luther King, Jr., In the future you should set forth any appropriate leads for recipient offices of your communication. If there is some reason to question the propriety of these leads, they should be set forth UACB.

New York should advise New York Police Department concerning threat to Senator Kennedy's life.

Washington Field should advise Secret Service, U.S. Capitol Police and the Metropolitan Police Department concerning receipt of the threat to kill Senator Robert F. Kennedy.

SEP 30

REC 101

100-106670-2720

DMW:jec
(10)

MAILED 19
SEP 29 1966
COMM-FBI

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

SEP 29 1966

Tolson
DeLoach
Mohr
Wick
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
Felt
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

MAIL ROOM ☑ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

OCT 6 1966

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

Atlanta, New York, and Washington Field should advise Bureau when local authorities have been advised concerning this matter.

NOTE:

SF instructed to comply with Bureau's instructions concerning threats made against King. NY and WFO instructed to advise appropriate local law enforcement agencies re threat to Senator Robert F. Kennedy's life. Atlanta previously notified by Bureau teletype re threat to Martin Luther King and instructed to advise local police department. These offices instructed to notify Bureau when local agencies have been advised.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
SEP 29 1966
TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Wick
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Felt
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Mr. Holmes
Miss Gandy

FBI WASH DC

FBI CHICAGO

706PM URGENT 9/29/66 GEH

TO DIRECTOR (100-106670) AND ATLANTA (100-5586)

FROM CHICAGO (100-35356) 2P

MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR., SM - C

RE NEW YORK AIRTEL AND LETTERHEAD MEMORANDUM SEPTEMBER TWENTY ONE, LAST, UNDER COMINFIL - SCLC CAPTION, REFLECTING KING'S PLANNED ARRIVAL IN CHICAGO SEPTEMBER TWENTY NINE, INSTANT.

[redacted] ADVISED CHICAGO OFFICE KING ARRIVED CHICAGO ELEVEN ZERO FIVE A.M. TODAY VIA FLIGHT THREE ONE FIVE, AMERICAN AIRLINES FROM NEW YORK CITY. KING ACCOMPANIED BY ONE UNKNOWN NEGRO MALE. [redacted] HAS NO INFORMATION CONCERNING KING'S PLANS TO DEPART CHICAGO.

b7(D)

[redacted] ADVISED AWARE OF KING'S ARRIVAL, HAVE NO INFORMATION CONCERNING HIS SCHEDULED ACTIVITIES IN CHICAGO, OR DEPARTURE PLANS. CHICAGO PRESS REPORTS KING TO ADDRESS CONVENTION OF RADIO - TV NEWS DIRECTORS ASSOCIATION, NOW MEETING CHICAGO, INSTANT OR FRIDAY.

END PAGE ONE

UNCLASSIFIED
5190 RCB/cbm 11-15-79

100-106670-2719

REC-52

11 SEP 30 1966

59

KING TO MEET TODAY WITH URBAN RENEWAL COMMISSIONER AT SOUTHTOWN YMCA, SIX FIVE FOUR FIVE SOUTH UNION, TO DEMAND HALT TO RENEWAL PLAN THAT WOULD DEMOLISH THREE HUNDRED HOMES IN CHICAGO'S SOUTH SIDE ENGLEWOOD AREA TO MAKE WAY FOR AREA SHOPPING CENTER. AREA INVOLVED IS EIGHTY FIVE PER CENT NEGRO.

AM COPY TO NEW YORK. CHICAGO FOLLOWING. USA, SECRET SERVICE, AND MILITARY ADVISED. LHM WILL FOLLOW.

CORR ~~PAGE 2 LINE 3 WD 1 SHD BE HALT~~

END

RAM

FBI WASH DC

Y

4-750 (2-7-79)

XXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXX

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

6 Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

☐ Deleted under exemption(s) _____ with no segregable material available for release to you.

☐ Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.

☐ Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.

☐ Document(s) originating with the following government agency(ies) _____ _____, was/were forwarded to them for direct response to you.

6 Page(s) referred for consultation to the following government agency(ies); Department of Army as the information originated with them. You will be advised of availability upon return of the material to the FBI.

_____ Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):

☑ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:
not rec. 9/28/66 S.F. airtel + l.h.m.

XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
X DELETED PAGE(S) X
X NO DUPLICATION FEE X
X FOR THIS PAGE X
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

XXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXX

FBI/DOJ

4-750 (2-7-79)

XXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXX

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

2 Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

☐ Deleted under exemption(s) _____ with no segregable material available for release to you.

☐ Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.

☐ Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.

☐ Document(s) originating with the following government agency(ies) _____ _____, was/were forwarded to them for direct response to you.

2 Page(s) referred for consultation to the following government agency(ies); Department of the Army as the information originated with them. You will be advised of availability upon return of the material to the FBI.

_____ Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):

☐ For your information: _____

☑ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:
NOT REC. 2/28/66 Teletype to Atlanta

XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
X DELETED PAGE(S) X
X NO DUPLICATION FEE X
X FOR THIS PAGE X
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

XXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXX

FBI/DOJ

4-750 (2-7-79)

XXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXX

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

4 Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

☑ Deleted under exemption(s) b(1) with no segregable material available for release to you.

☐ Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.

☐ Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.

☐ Document(s) originating with the following government agency(ies) _____, was/were forwarded to them for direct response to you.

_____ Page(s) referred for consultation to the following government agency(ies); _____ as the information originated with them. You will be advised of availability upon return of the material to the FBI.

_____ Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):

☐ For your information:

☑ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:
NOT RECORDED 9/26/66 Atlanta [illegible]

XXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXX

XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
X DELETED PAGE(S) X
X NO DUPLICATION FEE X
X FOR THIS PAGE X
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

FBI/DOJ

4-750 (2-7-79)

XXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXX

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

3 Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

- [x] Deleted under exemption(s) b(1) with no segregable material available for release to you.
- [ ] Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.
- [ ] Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.
- [ ] Document(s) originating with the following government agency(ies) _____, was/were forwarded to them for direct response to you.

_____ Page(s) referred for consultation to the following government agency(ies); _____ as the information originated with them. You will be advised of availability upon return of the material to the FBI.

_____ Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):

- [ ] For your information:
- [x] The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:
  100-106670 - 2718

XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
X DELETED PAGE(S) X
X NO DUPLICATION FEE X
X FOR THIS PAGE X
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

XXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXX

FBI/DOJ

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-64)

FBI

Date: 9-23-66

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-106670)

FROM: SAC, SPRINGFIELD (100-10392)

SUBJECT: MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.
SM - C

ReSIrad, 9-23-66.

Enclosed for the Bureau are 11 copies of LHM which are self-explanatory. Enclosed for Atlanta and Chicago are four and three copies, respectively, of above-mentioned LHM.

11 - ENCLOSURE

4 - Bureau (3: 100-106670)(Enc.-11)
(1: 100-438794)(RM)
4 - Atlanta (2: 100-5586)(Enc.-4)(RM)
(1: 100-15718; SCLC)
(1: 157-621; ANDREW YOUNG)
3 - Chicago (2: 100-35356)(Enc.-3)(RM)
(1: 105-16238; SCLC)
3 - Springfield (2: 100-10392)
(1: 100-10323)
FBB:blw
(14)

UNCLASSIFIED
9180RCB/Ebm 11-14-79

REC-71 100-106670-2717

EX 103

16 SEP 28 1966

AGENCY: ACSI, ONI, OSI, SEC. SER., CRD, RAO
DATE FILMED: 9/29/66
HOW FILMED:
BY:

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

UNREC COPY AND CONFIDENTIAL FILED IN

UN..ED STATES DEPARTMENT OF J..STICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Springfield, Illinois

September 23, 1966

MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.

The "Illinois State Register," a daily newspaper published a Springfield, Illinois, in the issue printed on September 22, 1966, had the following article on Page five:

"Aide To Replace King At Meet

"The Rev. Andrew J. Young will replace Dr. Martin Luther King as a speaker at the opening session of the Illinois AP Editors' Association Annual meeting Saturday.

"Dr. King will be unable to appear because of racial problems in Grenada, Miss.

"Young, 34, is the executive director of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference and King's No. 1 aide Young has been with the SCLC for six years and has been involved in the civil rights demonstrations in Chicago this summer. A Baptist minister, Young is married and has two children.

"Other matters on the agenda for the two-day conference include:

" - An Address by Stanley Swinton, AP assistant General manager from New York.

" - Presentation of the annual Illinois AP newspaper awards

" - A panel discussion by AP staffers of racial coverage in Chicago this summer.

UNCLASSIFIED
9180RCBIcbm 11-14-79

ENCLOSURE

" - A discussion of the problems of pre-trial publicity.

" - An explanation of News Election Service by Ted Elbert of NBC, Chicago.

" - A discussion of employe recruitment."

On September 21 and 23, 1966 [redacted] advised that he has never received any official communication requesting any assistance in any form from his Department concerning the appearance of Martin Luther King in Springfield. He stated the only thing that he knows about the appearance of Dr. King and/or Rev. Andrew J. Young is what he has read in the newspaper. He stated his Department is taking absolutely no interest in this matter. b7(D)

On September 23, 1966 [redacted] advised his office has never received any official communication requesting any assistance in any form from his office concerning the appearance of Martin Luther King in Springfield. He stated the only thing that he knows about the appearance of Dr. King and/or Rev. Andrew J. Young is what he has read in the newspaper. He stated his office is taking absolutely no interest in this matter.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

FBI

Date: 9/26/66

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL _____ (Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-106670)

FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (100-35356)

SUBJECT: MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.
SM-C

(OO: Atlanta)

Re Pittsburgh airtel and LHM 9/7/66, and Pittsburgh airtel 9/9/66.

Information as set forth in referenced LHM, captioned [redacted] was furnished on 9/9/66 to [redacted] Chicago PD.

Chicago indices fail to reflect any information identifiable with [redacted] Sources of the Chicago Office, including those in hate-type groups such as the American Nazi Party, were contacted subsequent to receipt of referenced airtel, with negative results.

On 9/20/66, [redacted] Chicago PD, advised that he had personally checked the records of the YMCA Hotel, 826 South Wabash Avenue, on 9/15/66, concerning [redacted] advised that there was no record of [redacted] residing at the YMCA Hotel at the present time, or as having been a guest there at any time in the past. He advised that the Chicago PD was conducting no further inquiry in this matter.

b7C

3 - Bureau (RM)
2 - Atlanta (100-5586) (RM)
1 - Indianapolis (RM) (INFO)
1 - Boston (RM) (INFO)
1 - Pittsburgh (RM) (INFO)
2 - Chicago

REC-41 100-106670-2716

EX 10

14 SEP 28 1966

JCS:mab
(10)

UNCLASSIFIED
SYDRCBTE/Am 11-15-79

Approved _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

CG 100-35356

The records [redacted] were caused to be searched on a name-check only basis on 9/22/66, at the request of IC [redacted]. No identifiable record could be located concerning [redacted] although [redacted] records for such as [redacted] were available. There was no reasonable basis for assuming identity with the [redacted] in this matter. b7(C) b7(D)

Chicago is conducting no further inquiry insofar as [redacted]s concerned at the present time.

5010-108-03

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-106670) DATE: 9/26/66

FROM: SAC, ATLANTA (100-5586)

SUBJECT: MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.
SM - C

Re Bureau letter to Cincinnati 9/23/66, captioned as above, and Cincinnati LHM dated 9/16/66, captioned "CIVILIAN RESISTANCE COMMAND (CI-R-CON), MARIETTA, OHIO."

Pursuant to referenced Bureau letter, information set forth in referenced Cincinnati LHM was furnished to [redacted] Atlanta Police Department on 9/26/66.

b7(c)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 1-17-81 BY SP4 JRM/LL
6076

EX-110

EXP. PROC.

2 - Bureau (RM)
2 - Atlanta
AGS:cmp
(4)

REC- 13

100-106670-2715

12 SEP 27 1966

INT. SEC.

59